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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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EASY TO SEE WHICH TREE WILL BE CUT DOWN.

ABUSING THE TARIFF.

TIRADE OF A DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANT.

Augustus Van Wyck at Richard Croker's Ten-Dollar Jeffersonian Feast Maligns the Protective System Regardless of the Plain Facts of Restored Prosperity.

"It is the foulest mockery of reason to profess in one breath devotion to the doctrine of the equality of all men before the law of the land, and in the next to applaud a tariff system which squeezes the blood out of the average man for the fattening of select individuals who have mastered the art of depraving all Federal Government and directing a new feudalism which purports to subdivide the land into plutocratic dukedoms."—From the speech of Augustus Van Wyck at Richard Croker's tenderloin Jeffersonian dinner in New York.

This peculiar view of the conditions now prevailing throughout the length of the most favored land that the sun shines on is the view of the man who was the Democratic candidate for Governor of the State of New York at the election of 1898. He is, moreover, under serious consideration as a possible Democratic candidate for the Presidency of the United States in 1900, and is perhaps the most formidable competitor of William Jennings Bryan for that nomination. Otherwise it would be difficult to understand how an American citizen, surrounded on every side with unmistakable evidences of a restored prosperity which showers its blessings equally upon rich and poor, falling alike upon the just and unjust, could take so absurdly pessimistic a view of existing conditions as to characterize the American policy of protection as "a system which squeezes the blood out of the average man."

What class of gudgeons does Mr. Augustus Van Wyck expect to catch with this sort of bait? Certainly not the two thousand ten-dollar Jeffersonians who were within the sound of his voice, and every man of whom has shared liberally in the increase of national wealth which has followed the restoration of the very policy which the speaker denounced. Certainly not the vast army of wage-earners of all occupations who have to thank the return of good protection times for more work and better pay for it than they had during the awful stringency of the last four years of Democratic domination. Certainly not the great body of farmers who have enjoyed the substantial benefits of enlarged consumption and increased values of agricultural products. Certainly not the general community of merchants, manufacturers and business men who, as the commercial statistics show, are prospering as they never did in free trade times.

What ears, then, did this possible Presidential candidate expect to reach with his diatribe? The ears, it may be presumed, of the average Bourbon politician who always recognizes the denunciation of a protective tariff as a sure sign of sublime statesmanship. These he may reach, but not the ears of a prosperous and contented people. All such will smile a pitying smile at the foolish mouthings of a typical Tammanyite trying to tickle the fancy of the fellows who boss caucuses and control conventions.

Just as a matter of contrast, let us quote what Thomas Jefferson wrote in 1809 in a letter to Humphrey:

"My own idea is that we should encourage home manufactures to the extent of our own consumption of everything of which we raise the raw materials."

Had Thomas Jefferson lived in these days of trade expansion and of American victories in the contest for possession of the world's markets he would point with pride to what he wrote ninety years ago and urge adherence to a policy that had wrought such splendid results. But, then, Thomas Jefferson is not now alive, and Augustus Van Wyck is a very different sort of person.

Necessary Safeguards.

The bounty bill should not extend over a longer period than five years from the date of resignation, and, as a safeguard it should be stipulated that as soon as a trust or a combination of the shipping interests shall be effected, the individuals or corporations joining shall be immediately deprived of the benefit of the bounty.—Detroit (Mich.) Tribune.

Relative Importance.

Many of the free traders say that the Dingley law has been injurious to the country because it destroyed the importing interest. The people have, however, abandoned the idea that importers are of more importance than manufacturers and farmers.—Waterville (Kan.) Telegraph.

GOOD TIMES EVERYWHERE.

True It Is, But by What Means Came It to Be True?

The New York World gives utterance to some most praiseworthy rejoicings in an article headed "Wages up for 200,000 workingmen! All New England cotton mills raise pay ten per cent." It does not attempt to disguise the fact that there is similar prosperity in other parts of the country, for it adds to the article on cotton mills this paragraph: "The wages of the iron workers in Michigan, Ohio, Illinois and Pennsylvania were raised last week generally about ten per cent."

True! And glorious it is that 'tis true! But ought not the World and other bitter enemies of the Dingley law explain how it is possible that it can be true? How many times were we warned of the woes that would fall upon the wage earner if the Dingley tariff were adopted! How many predictions were there of the disasters into which we all should plunge if the Wilson free trade principles were abandoned! The poor man was to starve, because the manufacturer would rob him of his little all. Prices were to go so high that only the Vanderbilt and the Astor, enriched by a monstrous tariff law, could afford to buy a breakfast. The Government would have no revenues, the country would be a barren waste and its population heaps of whitened skeletons. But wages are up, everybody is busy at work, the bread-winner is saving money again, the customs receipts are rising, and the sun shines more clearly than ever it shone before!

Why, when the lovers of Professor Wilson's theories once thundered against Dingley's tariff like the main battery of a battleship, do they now pipe down to the thin note of the bo's'ain's whistle?—New York Press.

Reads Like an Old Story.

Reports received by the New York State Factory Inspector from his deputies show that in the course of 9600 inspections made by them during the months of December, 1898, and January and February, 1899, they found that 373 new firms had gone into business and that 100 old firms which had formerly closed up had resumed business. It was found also that 1119 firms had increased the number of their employes. It appears that the total increase in the number of employes from all causes is 13,352. The reports show that twenty-seven firms are working overtime and twenty working double time, and that the extra number of hours worked were 11,268.

This is pretty good testimony to the labor-supplying qualities of the Dingley tariff law. The report reads like those to which we grew accustomed when the McKinley law was in force, and it tells of an industrial situation strangely different from that which prevailed during the intervening years of "tariff reform" and Clevelandism.

Trusts and the Tariff.

The craze for trusts is great and growing. Their own future as well as their effect upon the industrial and commercial world is something which cannot yet be foreseen with anything like certainty. If they shall prove to be as bad in fact as they are in the anticipations of many persons, and in popular opinion, generally, there is no doubt that the American people will find a remedy for them. But the man who knows that there are more trusts without protection of their products in the tariff law than there are with such protection, and who still contends that the remedy for trusts is to take away the protective tariff, is a demagogue, while the man who believes that any political party is responsible for the system or has a ready-made remedy for its evils should begin his work of reform at the primaries in voting for men whom he is sure are wiser than himself.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Settled Facts.

"We have quit discussing tariff," said President McKinley at Boston, "and have turned our attention to getting trade wherever it can be found." A protective tariff is a settled fact, and so is business expansion.—Hot Springs (Ark.) Republican.

Bacteria in Hailstones.

Several varieties of bacteria have been discovered in freshly-fallen hailstones. Two of them appear to be new, according to their discoverer, Mr. F. C. Harrison of Guelph, Ontario, while others are manifestly of terrestrial origin, and must have been carried up into the clouds by wind, or ascending air-currents.

Miss Wilbur of San Francisco, Cal., went into a trance on the night of Feb. 17, 1898, and slept until March 12, 1899.

DEWEY COMING HOME.

Rear-Admiral Watson Will Succeed Him at Manila.

WILL FINISH HIS TASK FIRST.

Admiral Dewey Will Come Direct to New York on the Olympia—Rear-Admiral Watson Ordered to Manila to Relieve the Admiral, Who Will Come Home When He Is Ready.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Navy Department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey as commander of the Asiatic Station. Orders have been issued detaching Rear-Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island Navy Yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared. Rear-Admiral Kempff, at present on waiting orders, has been ordered to succeed Rear-Admiral Watson in command of the Mare Island Navy Yard.

REAR-ADMIRAL J. C. WATSON.
(Who will succeed Admiral Dewey as Commander of the Asiatic Station.)

It was said at the Navy Department that Admiral Dewey will come from Manila direct to New York when he returns to the United States. It was added, however, that the Admiral will not start until the Philippine Commission, of which he is a member, has completed the work it has undertaken, at least so far as it relates to the restoration of peace in the islands.

The reason for bringing the flagship Olympia to New York instead of to San Francisco, where she was built, is said to be primarily because Admiral Dewey desires to make the passage on his own flagship, but also because the Mare Island Navy Yard is likely to be overwhelmed with repair work as soon as the numerous vessels of Dewey's fleet begin to return to the United States. The Olympia is in need of a thorough overhauling, as she has been away from her home station longer than any of the other vessels in the Asiatic fleet.

When Admiral Dewey reaches home, it is believed that he will quickly haul down his flag and come ashore, not to go to sea again except in the contingency of a National emergency. He will be nearly sixty-two years of age, his birthday being the day after Christmas this year.

When Rear-Admiral Watson reaches Manila he will have the choice of two flagships from which to display his broad pennant, the cruiser Baltimore and the battleship Oregon being both provided with quarters for a fleet commander and his staff.

Admiral Watson's last command afloat was in charge of the special squadron organized to menace the Spanish peninsula immediately after Santiago fell. He was sent to San Francisco to be in a position to start across the Pacific at a moment's notice but when Admiral Dewey decided that the Philippine outlook demanded his presence there rather than in Paris, Watson, then commodore, was placed in command of the Mare Island Navy Yard.

It is not believed that Admiral Dewey will be able to start for the United States before July 1, accordingly, it is likely to be August when he arrives.

OHIO BRIBERY CASE.

Attorney-General Tells of Alleged Attempt to Influence Case of Standard Oil.

COLUMBUS, Ohio (Special).—Attorney-General Frank S. Monnett has filed a motion in the Supreme Court in which he named Charles B. Squires, formerly of Cleveland, and now of New York City, as the man who attempted to influence him to drop proceedings to oust the Standard Oil Company from Ohio. Monnett says Squires alleged that he represented Frank Rockefeller, of Cleveland, a stockholder of the Standard Oil Company; F. B. Squires, Secretary of the Standard Oil Company, and Charles N. Haskell, formerly of New York, in the negotiation. The Attorney-General says that to ascertain how Squires received his communications from the above people, the State will be compelled to take testimony under an order of the court. Mr. Monnett says that he cannot compel D. J. Ryan and ex-Attorney-General Watson to furnish the names of the people who are said to have made offers to them, but the same can be obtained under an order of court. An investigation before a Master Commissioner will be ordered in a few days

A BANK ROBBED OF $10,000.

Burglars Loot the Canadian Bank of Commerce Branch at Dresden, Ont.

DRESDEN, Ontario (Special).—The local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce was robbed of an amount estimated at $10,000. The burglars got away without leaving a clue.

The charwoman who takes care of the bank offices was the first to discover the robbery. The front doors of the bank had been pried open with a jimmy. Two holes were bored in the vault door, a charge of nitro-glycerine was inserted and exploded, and then the inner safe was attacked in a similar manner. None of the papers in the vault were disturbed.

The manager of the bank says the robbers did not get more than $2000. The police report, however, that the amount of currency stolen was $10,000. How the burglars came into town and how they left is unknown.

German-Americans on the Samoan Policy.

German-Americans at a mass meeting in Toledo, Ohio, refused by a vote of 397 to 7, to sustain the United States Government on the Samoan question. Speeches were made against any British-American alliance and strong resolutions were adopted.

Murderer John Moore Found Guilty.

John Moore, who in March last murdered his wife and five children at Hutchinson, Kan., was convicted of murder, which means a life term in the penetentiary. Moore escaped from the Sheriff on the way to the jail, but was recaptured.

Cycling Notes.

The National Cycling Association has secured control of the cycle track at Flushing, L. I.

Bicycle dealers place the sum expended by wheelmen in the German Empire at $156,000,000.

The law prohibiting six-day bicycle contests in Chicago has virtually been decided unconstitutional.

In Vienna, Austria, the municipal authorities are constructing a system of paths for cyclists only.

The amateur riders in England can compete for long distance honors this season, an open twenty-four-hour race having been scheduled for July 22 and 23 on a track near London.

IDAHO OFFICIALS JAILED.

Sheriff Charged With Aiding and Abetting the Wardner Rioters.

Mine Owners Forbidden by Officials to Employ Members of the Shoshone County Union.

WARDNER, Idaho (Special).—James D Young, Sheriff of Shoshone County, was arrested upon an order of State Auditor Sinclair, who is acting as the personal representative of Governer Steunenberg.

The arrest was made by United States troops, and the Sheriff is now confined in a barn with 300 other prisoners, charged with aiding and abetting a riot. Proceedings will be commenced immediately by Attorney-General Hayes to remove him from office. In the meantime, Coroner France will act as Sheriff.

After the Sheriff had been placed in custody the Attorney-General asked for the resignation of County Commissioner William Boyle. Boyle asked for time in which to consider the matter, but this was refused and a squad of troops placed him under arrest.

SPOKANE, Wash. (Special).—Mine owners of Shoshone County, Idaho, that propose to operate during the reign of martial law may do so only on condition that they do not employ members of the Coeur d'Alene Miners' Union. This is the rule as laid down by General Merriam and Attorney-General Hayes of Idaho. At a meeting of the mine owners in this city, Mr. Hayes presented this mandate. The owners cheerfully promised to obey.

"We are going to clear up the Coeur d'Alenes," said Attorney-General Hayes, prior to his departure for Boise. "I have seen some of the mine owners, and they have been informed by the proper authorities that they cannot employ any one connected with a criminal organization in the county. The Miners' Union in Shoshone County contains many desperadoes and criminals, who have, under the protection of the union, perpetrated crimes and outrages. Twice has it been necessary, because of these men and their organization, to put the county under martial law. We want to stop that sort of thing.

"We have undertaken as large a job of criminal prosecution as ever commenced in the history of the country. Trying between 700 and 800 men is a task of enormous magnitude. We propose to push the prosecution vigorously, however. I am obliged to go back to Boise for a few days on official business, but will be back in about a week, and expect to spend the entire summer in the Coeur d'Alenes. Prisoners will be tried in both the State and Federal courts. Murder and arson are some of the charges the State will bring against those men, and we hope to inflict the extreme penalty."

RUSH INTO THE UTE STRIP.

Over 1000 Persons Lay Stakes and Start to Form Towns.

DURANGO, Col. (Special).—The famous Ute Reservation was thrown open by the President's proclamation, which forever removed the barriers that for more than twenty years have barred out enterprising home seekers. The start was made from many different points. Among the most important of these were Arboles, Lumberton, Ignacio and immediately north of the agency. In fact, the whole border was marked by impatient applicants. It is estimated that 1000 landseekers formed in the rush.

The rush for homesteads was much greater than was expected. It has been thought that the majority would depend on filing claims at the Land Office here rather than subject themselves to the hardships incidental to actual location. On the contrary, the greater number apparently preferred to sit around and wait just over the boundary line until the long-expected moment arrived and then quickly get over and stake locations rather than hazard their chances at the Land Office.

Quite a surprise was sprung when "Buffalo" Jones suddenly appeared near Ignacio with 300 followers from Guthrie, Oklahoma, and was met by Dr. E. D. Allen, who was prominent in the opening of the famous Cherokee Strip. The latter has been in and around Durango with some United States marshals and half-breed Cherokees for the past week. He started to join forces with "Buffalo" Jones with the determination of starting and booming a town site, their objective point being near Ignacio.

The newly incorporated Ute Town Company, comprised of Denver and Boulder men, located a town site forty miles south of here. It is to be called Tabor.

The railroad companies have their representatives on the ground and will select the most promising sections and immediately begin extensions to those points. Serious conflicts are expected between those who filed claims at the Land Office and those who staked the same claims.

ESCAPED UP A CHIMNEY.

How Five Small Men Fled From the Toledo Jail.

TOLEDO, Ohio (Special).—As the result of a daring jail delivery from the County Jail five Federal prisoners—William Miller, George Jones and William White, the Leipsic Postoffice robbers, and Thomas Burnes and Fred Williams—are at large.

The men climbed up the brick chimney at the rear end of the jail. A sixth man, Cox, was noticed by a young colored lad, George Hightower, who held him there with a revolver and summoned help.

Cox said that during the night one of the men secured a key, went to the cells and took out the smaller men. The smallest man went in the chimney first, carrying a rope made of sheets and a bar, with which he knocked off the bars at the top of the chimney. He then put one bar across the top and tied the rope of sheets to it and slid down on the roof. He was quickly followed by the others.

TORNADOES SWEEP OKLAHOMA.

Some Lives Lost and Property Destroyed in Various Parts of the Territory.

PERRY, Oklahoma (Special).—A tornado struck Chickasha a few days ago, wrecked sixteen residences and seriously injured fourteen persons.

At Medford, on the Rock Island, three small tornadoes appeared in less than twenty minutes. Several houses were blown down, and many narrow escapes occurred. Near Okarche a tornado destroyed the home of John Teufel. At Tongawa great damage was done by a tornado.

The family of J. H. Ware took refuge in a storm cave, which became so heavy from the constant rain that it fell in, killing three members of the family.

Sale of an Asbestos Mine.

The famous asbestos mine at Sall Mountain, in White County, Ga., has been sold for $200,000 to a firm of mining engineers of London. Two hundred thousand dollars is the largest amount paid for a mine in the State of Georgia, not excepting that of some of the gold mines in the northern part of the State.

Condition of Spring Wheat.

Early seeded spring wheat is coming up to good stands and with vigorous plant over the southern portion of the spring wheat region.

Yosemite Off For Guam.

The auxilliary cruiser Yosemite has started from the navy yard in Brooklyn on her long voyage to the island of Guam, which has become a possession of the United States through the war with Spain. The most distinguished man aboard is Captain Richard P. Leary, who is to combine the double title of commander of the Eastern Division of the Asiatic fleet and Governor of Guam.

Burglars Rob a Postoffice.

The safe in the Postoffice at Leesburg, N. J., was blown open by burglars, who secured $300 in money and several hundred dollars' worth of stamps and postal cards.

AMERICA AT THE HAGUE.

Will Work With England For International Arbitration.

WILL NOT ACCEPT DISARMAMENT

American and British Delegates to the Czar's Peace Congress Have Similar Instructions—Will Stand Together For International Arbitration—Hope to Lessen the Horrors of War.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special). — The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, which will be presented to the Peace Conference at its meeting at The Hague. The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly well digested plan for the execution of this long-cherished project, while the British delegates are prepared with a plan which is almost identical with the American project.

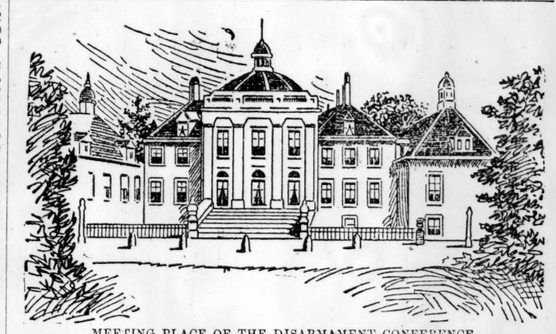
The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the project to the conference. It is known, however, that there are essential differences between the plan under consideration and that embodied in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote, which failed of action in the Senate when submitted for ratification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an impartial adjudication than in the principles involved.

It cannot be said that the American delegates go to the conference with any strong expectations that their own scheme for securing the adjustment of disputes by arbitration, or, indeed, any project of this kind, will secure the adhesion of the entire conference, or even a majority of the delegates. But they are content to plant the seed and make a beginning, which it is hoped by the President and Secretary Hay will have substantial results in the end.

The American delegates go committed to this arbitration project much more strongly than to anything else likely to figure before the conference. Regarding disarmament, their instructions are to tell the conference that the present armament of the United States, and any within the possibilities of the future, are so far below the present minimum armaments with which any of the great powers of Europe are likely to be content that there is really no reason why the United States should be called into the agreement.

Other points upon which the delegates have been instructed are the exemption from seizure of individual property and the extension of the Red Cross rules to warlike operations at sea. As to the former, the President expressed himself very strongly in his last message to Congress, and the delegates go charged to give practical effect to these views. As to the Red Cross extension, both the United States and Spain during the recent war voluntarily agreed to apply the Red Cross rules at sea.

Another point in the instructions relates to the amelioration of the horrors of war, and with this, too, the American delegates are deeply concerned. It was because of the President's interest in this subject, as much as for any other reason, that the two technical experts, Captain Mahan and Captain Crozier, were included in the American delegation, and the State Department hopes that something in this direction will be accomplished at the approaching conference.



MEETING PLACE OF THE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.
(The palace is Queen Wilhelmina's "House in the Woods" at The Hague.)

CAPTAIN MAHAN.
(United States naval expert, who is a delegate to the Peace Conference.)

THIRTY PERSONS DROWNED.

British Ship Wrecked on Kangaroo Island—Only Four Escape Death.

ADELAIDE, South Australia (By Cable).—It is learned that the British ship Loch Sloy, from the Clyde January 5 for this port and Melbourne, was wrecked on Kangaroo Island on April 24. One passenger and three of the crew safely reached the shore, and five passengers and twenty-five of the crew were drowned.

Viceroy Friendly With the Ameer.

There is a constant interchange of friendly letters between Lord Curzon, Viceroy of India, and the Ameer of Afghanistan, and the relations between the Indian Government and the ruler of Afghanistan were never more cordial than at present.

Hail Destroys Georgia Truck Farms.

A terrific hailstorm passed over Jefferson County, Ga., a few days ago. The hail was three inches deep at Wadley, and some of the stones weighed over three ounces. Fruit and vegetable crops are totally destroyed.

The Queen's New Yacht Launched.

The Duchess of York, accompanied by the Duke of Connaught, a few days ago visited the Pembroke docks at Pembroke, England, where she presided at the launching of the Queen's new yacht, Victoria and Albert. This vessel has occupied two years in building, and promises to be the finest example of decorative treatment yet achieved.

A Veteran Drowns Himself at Erie.

George Thorp, sixty years old, a veteran of the Third Heavy Artillery, tied a twenty-pound stone to his neck and jumped into the lake at Erie, Penn. He was a native of Philadelphia. No cause is known for the act.

MOROCCO PAID AT ONCE.

America's Claims Settled on the Chicago's Arrival at Tangier.

The State Department Informed of the Compliance of the Sultan With the Demands of the United States.

TANGIER (By Cable).—The object of the visit here of the United States cruiser Chicago has been accomplished. The Sultan has given assurances that the claims of Americans against Morocco will be satisfied, and the Chicago has sailed to the eastward.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The visit of the flagship Chicago to Tangier, Morocco, has resulted in the prompt payment of claims for indemnity made by the United States in behalf of American citizens whose business had been interfered with. A telegram received at the State Department from the United States Consul-General at Tangier contained the gratifying information that the claims had been paid.

The Chicago arrived at Tangier from Gibraltar. When she was on her way from the Azores to Gibraltar a despatch was sent to Rear-Admiral Howison at the latter place directing him to proceed to Tangier without delay to back up any demands that might be made by the Consul-General. The Chicago is now on her voyage to the East by the Mediterranean-Suez route.

For a great many years the Morocco officials have caused much annoyance to American merchants at Tangier. Every attempt to introduce American goods into the country has been met with petty persecution which usually resulted in preventing the Americans from selling their wares. In some cases American agents have been imprisoned. The Morocco authorities were also fond of interfering with the native interpreters and servants of the United States Consulate. These persons are exempted by treaty from interference by the Sultan's officers, but the treaty was violated frequently.

On other occasions United States warships have been sent to Tangier to collect claims for indemnity, and in each case the object lesson in American power has been successful. The amount of the claims in the latest instance is small.

FOUR DEATHS AT A SHOOTING.

Two Brothers on One Side and Father and Son on the Other Kill One Another.

MERIDIAN, Miss. (Special).—Dr. J. H. Murfee and Howard Murfee, father and son, and Charles B. Clarke and Walter Clarke, two brothers, all four of whom are well known citizens of Okolona, Miss., are dead as the result of a dispute and a difficulty over the collection of a bill. Dr. Murfee went to the law office of Charles B. Clarke to settle an account, when a dispute arose about the correctness of the bill, which led to a quarrel and a fight. Clarke drew a knife and cut Dr. Murfee's throat, severing the jugular vein.

Dr. Murfee fell dead and his son, Howard Murfee, who came up, drew his revolver and shot Clarke through the heart, killing him instantly. Walter Clarke, a younger brother of Charles B. Clarke, heard the shooting, rushed to the scene and then followed a duel to the death between young Murfee and young Clarke.

Both men emptied their pistols, and after the smoke cleared away Murfee and Clarke were found dead, each with three bullet holes through their bodies. Dr. Murfee was one of the best known physicians of this region and the two Clarke brothers ranked at the head of the bar in Chickasaw County.

AMERICANS IN A BULLFIGHT.

Ran a Benefit Show at Durango and Had Some Narrow Escapes.

MONTERREY, Mex. (Special).—The first bullfight that ever occurred in Mexico in which all of the performers were Americans took place a few days ago in Durango. The exhibition was given to raise money for municipal improvements. The participants, all business men of the city, were D. M. Shaw, William Fischer, E. S. Shaw, Percy Sharpe, T. W. Tisdale, Roy Kessell, J. W. Dobbins, H. L. Bonsen, Carlos Chapman, W. W. McVea and D. W. Barnes.

The bulls were from the wildest mountain herds of that State and the amateurs had a hard time in evading the thrusts of the long, sharp horns of the animals. A performer was caught on the horns of one of the bulls and carried around the arena several times. He escaped with only a few bruises. The others also had narrow escapes. The attendance was the largest ever seen at a bullfight in Durango.

GOVERNMENT OF PORTO RICO.

Brigadier-General Davis Succeeds Major-General Henry.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable).—Brigadier-General George W. Davis, the successor of Major-General Guy V. Henry as Military Governor of Porto Rico, arrived on board the United States transport McPherson. He was welcomed by the insular secretaries and officials of Porto Rico and San Juan.

Major-General Henry has sailed for the United States. There was a big demonstration in General Henry's honor.

Quiet Reigns in Samoa.

Everything is quiet in Samoa. Operations have been suspended pending the arrival of the Commissioners from San Francisco. After the cessation of hostilities a detachment of British soldiers visited the battlefield of Vailima, where they recovered an American machine gun that had been captured by the rebels.

Major Overman Killed by a Fall.

Major L. C. Overman, U. S. A., retired, was instantly killed by falling from a staging on which he was at work at his summer home at Nantucket, Mass. Mrs. Overman is in Brooklyn.

Victory For Rhodes and Jameson.

The suit of the trooper Adye against Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson for damages for injuries received in the Transvaal raid was tried in London a few days ago. Captain Coventry, who took part in the raid, testified that the troopers were informed of the nature of the expedition after they had proceeded a mile. The jury found a verdict for the defendants.

Rios Called Back to Spain.

Lieutenant-General Polavieja, Minister of War, at Madrid, has cabled to General Rios, Spain's principal military officer in the Philippines, an authorization to return to Spain whenever it is convenient.

THE ARMY BEEF REPORT.

Some of General Miles's Allegations Found to Be True.

PRESIDENT APPROVES FINDINGS.

Canned Beef Undesirable For Use on Transports—Charge of Use of Chemicals Not Sustained—General Miles Censured—Sharp Criticism of Eagan—Recommendation of No Further Action.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The report of the Army Beef Court of Inquiry, appointed to investigate General Miles's charges regarding the food supply of the army in the war with Spain, is approved by the President in the following indorsement:

"The findings of the Court of Inquiry are approved. WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

The court finds that General Miles's allegations that the refrigerated beef was embalmed, or was unfit for issue to troops, were not sustained, and that he had not sufficient justification for these charges. With regard to the canned roast beef the court sustains so much of the allegations of the Major-General commanding as relate to its unsuitability for food, as actually used on the transports, and as to its extensive or long-continued use as a field ration. None of the other charges as to canned beef are sustained. The court finds that certain individuals failed to perform their full duty, but the opinion is expressed that the mere statement in the official report of the facts developed meets the end of discipline and that the interests of the service will be best subserved if further proceedings be not taken. The court spares neither the Major-General commanding nor the Commissary-General in the criticism. It holds that both officials committed error. It finds that General Miles committed an error in that, having belief or knowledge, as claimed, that the food was unfit, that it caused sickness and distress, that some of it was supplied under the pretence of experiment, that other beef was embalmed, he did not immediately report such knowledge or belief to the Secretary of War, to the end that a proper remedy might be promptly applied.

Attention is called by the court to the fact that but little testimony was submitted by General Miles in support of his contention that the refrigerated beef had been treated with preservatives. It remarks that his failure to draw special attention to the report of Major Daly until his testimony before the War Investigating Commission is not explained, although one, if not two, of his staff officers knew of the beef which Major Daly said was positively "hurtful to health." The report refers to General Miles's suspicion regarding the refrigerated beef while at Ponce, and declares that it was his bounden duty instantly to take the most effective measure within control to ascertain the actual fact and to correct the wrong, if any should be found.

As to the character of the refrigerated beef the report says that its use onshore after the troops had secured convenient harbors and landing facilities was wise and desirable. It was the meat of commerce, and was received by the troops at first with great satisfaction. The arrangements for issuing it and transporting it to the camps were neither adequate nor efficient. As a consequence a considerable portion of the beef became tainted before it reached the regimental camps, and was either rejected altogether or trimmed down before being cooked. "It does not appear," says the report, "that the troops were insufficiently fed as a consequence of such rejections. The court holds that the refrigerated beef is a suitable ration for troops when it can be issued to them in good condition. It would not have been prudent to have made the expeditions to Santiago and Porto Rico without the refrigerated beef and until the availability of native beef had been established. There was no better food than refrigerated beef that was practicable, and no reliance should have been placed on the cattle in Cuba and Porto Rico as a certain means of subsistence."

As to the canned roast beef it is the opinion of the court that it was fresh, was not of old date, was the meat of commerce, and inspected by the Government inspectors as provided by law. Some injury was doubtless caused by rough handling in transportation, or was due to exposure to the climatic influences of the tropics. The court holds, however, that it was not suitable as a travel ration on transports, considering the absence of cooking facilities and the absence from that ration of fresh vegetables and condiments. For use on shore as a field ration it is suitable for issue two days in ten, but not for two days in succession. With respect to its being a necessary article for use on the expeditions to Cuba and Porto Rico the court believes that it would not have been imprudent to have left it behind. In this connection the court finds that the allegations of General Miles, so far as they relate to the unsuitability of the canned fresh beef for food as actually used on the transports, and as to its extensive or long-continued use as a field ration, are sustained.

The Commissary-General is criticised for having purchased such large quantities of this article, considering the little use that had been made of it in the regular army, the probability that the volunteers were entirely ignorant of it, and that its use as a part of the field ration had never been sanctioned by the President or Secretary of War. Regarding this, the court says: "The court can but characterize the action of the Commissary-General as unwarranted and reckless, in that he ordered the purchase of such enormous quantities of a food that was practically untried and unknown, and the court so finds. The court also finds that there is no ground for any imputation of any other actuating motive on the part of the Commissary-General than the earnest desire to procure the best possible food for the troops. The court pronounces this act of the Commissary-General of Subsistence a colossal error, for which there is no palliation."

One of the most important findings of the court is contained in the concluding paragraph of the report, which recommends that no further proceedings be taken, the best interests of the service, in the opinion of the court, being best subserved by such a course.

The report is signed by General James F. Wade, President of the Court, and by Colonel George B. Davis, the Recorder. The only comment by President McKinley is his approval of their findings, quoted above. Attached to the report is an order by the Secretary of War dissolving the court.

Spanish Soldiers Sail From Manila.

The Spanish steamer Cataluna has sailed from Manila for Spain, carrying Spanish troops.

Murdered Her Mother.

Mrs. Augusta Styles, wife of a machinist living in Chicago, shot and killed her aged mother, Mrs. Catherine Schultz, a few days ago, because Mrs. Shultz had disclosed to her granddaughter, Belle Styles, some events of her early life which she did not desire the child to know. Mrs. Styles was arrested.

Navy Paymaster-General.

President McKinley has decided to appoint Albert S. Kenny, now General Storekeeper of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, as Paymaster-General of the Navy, to succeed Edwin Stewart, retired.

The Labor World.

The Minnesota State Federation of Labor meets in St. Paul June 12 and continues in session four days.

Ten thousand textile workers went on strike at Brunn, Austria, to enforce their demand for a ten-hour day.

The composing-room of the De Vinne press, New York City, lost in the printers' strike of 1887, has been unionized.

There are 541 divisions attached to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and they cover every State and Territory of the nation.

The painters of Omaha, Neb., have succeeded in having their scale of wages signed by all but one shop. A substantial increase in wages was secured.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras...₱	—	@₱	17
Firsts	16	@	16½
Thirds to seconds	14	@	15½
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	16
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	16
Imitation Creamery	12½	@	14
Factory, fresh firsts	12½	@	13
Low grades	11½	@	12½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9½	@	9¾
Small	9	@	9¼
Part skims, good to prime	6½	@	6¾
Full skims	3	@	4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	14½
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	14
Western—Choice	13	@	14
Southern—Choice	12	@	13½
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	14	@	17
Goose eggs, ₱ doz	18	@	22
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 52½
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 47½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 35
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 72½	@	1 75
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 80	@	1 85
Yellow eye	1 37½	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	—	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	97½	@	1 00
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Russet, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	5 00
Strawberries, Southern, ₱ qt	8	@	20
Blackberries, Southern, ₱ qt	15	@	20
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	
Fair to prime	13	@	15
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	16½	@	17
Common to prime	12	@	16
Old odds	2	@	7
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	12½
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	24	@	28
Roosters, ₱ lb	8	@	11½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	0
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	30	@	35
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	12½
Chickens, Phila	13	@	20
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	—	@	12
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	—	@	20
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	—	@	
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	82½	@	85
Clover mixed	45	@	52½
Clover	40	@	45

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper

Underground Paris.

The Paris of the pavement, gay, bright and exhilarating, is fairly familiar to us all, but underground Paris, dark, solitary and damp, extending for miles, is comparatively unknown. A part of this area is devoted to the catacombs—a valley of dry bones, a garden of the dead; the rest a garden still more vast, provides for the wants, or rather the luxuries, of the living—it is devoted to mushroom culture. These subterranean gardens extend for some 20 miles under the gay capital and are from 20 feet to 160 feet beneath the surface.

It is very difficult to obtain permission to visit them, and even when permission is obtained it requires some courage to avail oneself of it, for the only entrance is a circular opening like the mouth of a well, out of which a long pole stands. Through this pole, fastened at the top only, at fairly long intervals, sticks are thrust. This primitive ladder, the base of which swings like a pendulum in the impenetrable darkness below, is the only means of reaching the caves. "Here," again cried our guide, with a burst of cheerfulness, "see this door! On the other side are the catacombs—as full of bones as this place is of mushrooms." We smiled. We were not afraid of bones with an iron door between them and us.—Strand Magazine.

It's Easy To Take

Thin, pale, anæmic girls need a fatty food to enrich their blood, give color to their cheeks and restore their health and strength. It is safe to say that they nearly all reject fat with their food.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

is exactly what they require; it not only gives them the important element (cod-liver oil) in a palatable and easily digested form, but also the hypophosphites which are so valuable in nervous disorders that usually accompany anæmia.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is a fatty food that is more easily digested than any other form of fat. A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health. You can get it in this way.

We have known persons to gain a pound a day while taking it.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, S. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL, Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street, ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris, *Veterinary Surgeon.*

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO., *Successors to John H Ziegler,*

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

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Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

PANICS AND PANICS

Trade reports from all over the country continue to tell of remarkable business activity, with prices strong and steady, collections good and an increasing demand in all lines of trade. One correspondent to a Trade paper sized up the situation as a "buyers' panic." That is the kind of a "panic" that a Protective Tariff always brings about.

In 1863, under the Free Trade administration of Mr. Cleveland, with its Tariff reform Wilson-Gorman law we had another kind of a "panic," the kind that has always followed upon every experiment made with Free Trade or any approach to it by the country; a panic when banks failed, factories closed, business men went to the wall and idle workmen walked the streets.

It is safe to say that the people of the country pre fer the "buyers' panic" of 1899 under Protection to the sort of panic we had in 1893 under partial Free Trade.

OUR COMMANDING POSITION.

The men who saw with clearest vision the commercial future of the United States were the most ardent Protectionists. And they, in common with the bulk of their fair-minded and intelligent fellow-countrymen, perceive that our commanding position in the world's markets to-day is is directly due to the wise policy which fostered the creation of American industries, stimulated them to prosperous activity, and guarded them from disastrous foreign rivalry when fairly established.

WAGES INCREASED.

In the last two or three months over 500,000 working men have had their wages increased, and in nearly every instance the employers have have voluntarily made the increase; thus proving that they were not only friends to the working men in their employment, but were anxious that they should have a share in the prosperity which had come through a Protective Tariff and a stable currency.

ALWAYS PROVE FALSE.

A cotemporary is right in trying to recall a Democratic phrophecy that has not proved false in every particular. Think of it, is there one? You don't hear a single Democrat saying, "I told you so." All their campaign predictions have turned out so many delusions, and the experience of the people is all that is needed to convince them that the less the Democratic party has to do with legislation the better off the country is.

THE BALTIMORE ELECTION.

What is called the Democratic victory in the Baltimore election is a victory of the independent voter in municipal affairs. The Republicans have held the City several years, but of late the management has not been satisfactory because of an alleged machine. The successful candidate is a Democrat of the gold variety. No question of national politics entered into the canvass.

WAITE AND SEE.

It is said that the name of Colonel Funston is such as to preclude a rhyme to it in poetry The same was said as to that of Theodore Freylinghuysen who was nominated for Vice President with Henry Clay, in 1844, to which a campaign poet immediately responed:

Won't we give the Locos p'ison
With Henry Clay and Freliughuysen.

Populism is about dead in Kansas, and the rank and file of that organization "are crawling back under the tents of the old parties," is the opinion of the editor of the Chicago Record, who is now traveling in that State. This means a large Republican majority in that State next year.

In looking over industrial developments it is hard to tell whether to call this the golden, the steel or the copper age. Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas are doing much to make it the it the age of zinc.

Cuba is delighted with mails that arrive and depart on time, American fashion. The more the Cubans learn of our ways the more they will want to see Old Glory a fixture on the island.

The Jim Crow car law goes into effect June 1, and only the small roads escape the operation of the act. This is the decision of the Corporation Commission.

The Kansas boys caught it heavily in the latest fight, but their style of fighting is what knocked the Tagal army into a mob of fugitives.

The people hope that President McKinley's vacation days will be as successful as his working days.

UPSET ALL THEORIES.

While the revenue under the existing Tariff law has not quite come up to expectation, the effect of the law in infusing life and activity into our industries has been all that was hoped for. Its operation has confuted all the theories and predictions of its opponents. It was, in their view, certain to check the exports of manufactured products, but on the contrary these have grown steadily and largely since the law went into effect and are still growing. We were told that it would be harmful to labor, but on the other hand since the law went into effect labor throughout the country has been better employed than almost ever before. At this time there is not only only a good demand for labor in nearly every industry, but in most of them wages are advancing.

A FEW DECISIONS.

The Supreme Court has decided that the Democratic members of the State Agricultural Board who were elected by the last legislature are entitled to their seats, and it has also decided the public printing case in favor of Edwards & Broughton, whose right to the contract was disputed by Barnes Bros., Populists. The Atlantic and North Carolina railroad case is decided in savor of the Fusionists, so that the election of James A. Bryan as president by the State Board of Internal Improvements is void.

Anybody is entitled to whatever he may chose as to expansion or anti-expansion, but he has no right to encourage the enemy of his Government or incite our soldiers to mutiny.

In the last three months the Fire Insurance Companies of New York have paid in losses two and a half times as much as they have taken in in premiums

Since January 1 the typhoid fever record in Philadelphia is 6000 cases and 630 deaths, or three times the casualty list of the war with the Filipinos.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 12, 1899.

Senator Fairbanks, who was at the Virginia Hot Springs when the President and Mrs McKinley arrived there, says the President is delightfully situated to enjoy the rest he is seeking. The President likes it so well that he telegraphed Vice President Hobart to join him, but Mr. Hobart will probably decide to let well enough alone and remain in Washington as long as the weather continurs pleasant. He is improving steadily and gaining strength every day.

Gen. Otis has notified the War Department of the departure, this week from Manila of the transports Pennsylvania, Nelson, Cleveland and St. Paul. These transports all carry volunteers and will go direct to San Francisco, with possibly a short stop at Honolulu. Requests to be sent home by way of the Suez Canal and the Atlantic route have been received by Secretary Alger from a number of volunteer organizations in the Philippines, but as that route is nearly twice as long as the Pacific route, besides being considered dangerous to the health of soldiers who have been in the tropical climate of the Philippines, he decided that it would be best to have all the troops brought home by the Pacific route and has so notified Gen. Otis.

The sentiment in favor af an extra session of Congress is increasing quite rapidly. Senator Thurston, who is in Washington, said: "I am inclined to think that Congress will be called together early in October, not so much because of imperative business as because of the mass of new and important business to be attended to. It we do not meet earlier than usual it would not surprise me to see Congress in session until September or October next year I am sure the majority of members would prefer to meet earlier this year and get away to look after election matters earlier next summer. If we do not meet until the regular time, nothing will be done until after January 1st. The election of Speaker and the appointment of committees can at least be gotten over before the regular time by meeting early, and if there is to be currency legislation it ought to be passed early, so that it will not be misunderstood in the fall elections. There would be little extra cost in an early session."

Representutive Henderson, of Iowa, who has been in Washington since the Republican caucus committee, of which he was chairman, completed the financial bill, left for home this week without announcing a date for his return. Col. Henderson has too much good horse sense to do any blowing concerning the progress of his campaign for the Speakership, but he does not hesitate to say that he is well satisfied with the outlook. While in Washington Col. Henderson saw and talked with nearly one hundred Republican Representatives, but how many of teem pledged him their votes is something about which he is not talking. Representative Hopkins, of Illinois, has not been in Washington since the announcement of his candidacy foo the Speakership, but letters from him and the talk of his friends, who are numerous, say that he has every reason to consider his chances as good as those of any other candidate. Representative Sherman, of New York, is expected in Washington in a few days for an indefinite stay. If any candidate may be said to have the lead Sherman has it apparently. Some of his supporters go so far as to claim that his nomination is already assured, but that is probably a fiction, used for its effect upon wavering Representatives. With large delegations like those from Pennsylvania and Ohio unpledged, as members of both say they are, it is still an unwon contest.

The Industrial Commission, now sitting in Washington, has taken up the subject of the trusts, and its members are trying hard to get at the true inwardness of the widest known of the combines, such as the oil and sugar trusts, through questions asked of witnesses who are connected with them. The answers of the witnesses, while apparently frank, have not up to this time resulted in throwing much light on the subject.

Secretary Long will see that the administration's part in the national welcome that is being planned for Admiral Dewey is all that the man and the occasion call for. More than a year ago President McKinley and his entire Cabinet arrived at the conclusion that nothing in the possession of the United States government was too good for Dewey, and every act of his since that time has added to their admiration and desire to honor him when he returns.

How to Find Out,

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealth condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of lixuor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents or one dollar.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, if you send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co, Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure and mention that you read this generon offer in the North Carolinian.

Not Built That Way.

The Democratic party is awfully generous towards foreign countries. It never had a chance when it didn't allow them to beat us in trade and commerce. The Republican party is not built that way. It believes in looking after our own affair and leaving others to do the same in their own way. Nobody can dispute the fairness of the Republican policy, and its fruits are so satisfactory to the country that the Democratic party will hardly be allowed a second chance to wrench the country by any of its fool experiments with free trade or free silver.—Asheville Register.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by A. Wadsworth, druggist.

The First John Jacob Astor.

Although Mr. Astor had led a life mainly devoted to business interests, he found great pleasure in the society of literary men, says Mrs. Julia Ward Howe in The Atlantic. Dr. Cogswell made his home with us for some years after the closing of his famous school, but finally went to reside with Mr. Astor, attracted partly by the latter's promise to endow a public library in the city of New York. This was accomplished after some delay, and the doctor was for many years director of the Astor library. He used to relate some humorous anecdotes of excursions which he made with Mr. Astor. In the course of one of these the two gentlemen took supper together at a hotel recently opened. Mr. Astor remarked, "This man will never succeed."

"Why not?" inquired the other.

"Don't you see," replied the financier, "what large lumps of sugar he puts in the sugar bowl?"

Once, as they were walking slowly to a pilotboat which the old gentleman had chartered for a trip down the harbor, Dr. Cogswell said, "Mr. Astor, I have just been calculating that this boat costs you 25 cents a minute." Mr. Astor at once hastened his pace, reluctant to waste so much money.

Resuscitated the Pet Kitten.

A well known East End doctor tells a story of his experimenting days when he was at college. A girl whom he knew and admired had a pet kitten that in frisking around broke one of its hind legs. The fair mistress was in despair and in extremity asked her medical student admirer to try his skill on the pet. He consented and took his father's messenger boy, who was used to the surgery, to apply the anæsthetic. The doctor made the amputation and was sewing up the flap beautifully, when the boy gave a yell and said the cat was dead. It had been chloroformed to death.

The doctor knew that the demise of the pet would kill his hopes with the mistress. He had only one alternative, artificial respiration, and seizing the forepaws he set to work. In ten minutes he saw he was saved, for the kitten began to breathe. It was restored, minus one of its clawers, to the girl, who never knew how near it came to being buried in the back garden.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, best pile cure on earth, drives out pains and aches. Only 25cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Alex. Wadsworth, druggist.

WINE OF CARDUI

MONTHLY SUFFERING.

Thousands of women are troubled at monthly intervals with pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides hips and limbs. But they need not suffer.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements that can be corrected. The menstrual function should operate painlessly.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

makes menstruation painless, and regular. It puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. And that stops all this pain. Why will any woman suffer month after month when Wine of Cardui will relieve her? It costs $1.00 at the drug store. Why don't you get a bottle to-day?

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. ROZENA LEWIS, of Oenaville, Texas, says: "I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

WINE OF CARDUI

Took His Wife's Advice.

When the man whose haircut showed that his wife had peculiar notions as to the way a man should dress his hair quit giving advice, one of the listeners said:

"No man has more respect for a woman than I have, but I shall never take the advice of my wife again about money matters. She insisted upon my hiding my salary, so if I should be held up the highwaymen wouldn't get it. I draw my stipend at 6 p. m., and it is quite dark before I get home. She is a good hider in the house, but her talent in that line stops there. Now, she had the brilliant idea that I should put the envelope containing my money under the sweatband of my hat. Highwaymen would never look there and would never rob a man of his hat. After she had made this suggestion about 40 times I accepted it. I went home as usual on the elevated. I had a slight attack of vertigo in the car, and the man who always knows what to do said I needed fresh air and threw up the window. In doing so he knocked off my hat. I went home bareheaded and broke."—New York Sun.

The Brave Bull, the Cruel Spaniard.

The trumpet sounds again, and the espada takes his sword and his muleta and goes out for the last scene. This, which ought to be, is not always the real climax. The bull is often by this time tired, has had enough of the sport, leaps at the barrier, trying to get out. He is tired of running after red rags, and he brushes them aside contemptuously. He can scarcely be got to show animation enough to be decently killed. But one bull that I saw was splendidly savage and fought almost to the last, running about the arena with the sword between his shoulders, and that great red line broadening down each side of his neck on the black, like a deep layer of red paint, one tricks oneself into thinking.

He carried two swords in his neck and still fought. When at last he, too, got weary he went and knelt down before the door by which he had entered and would fight no more. But they went up to him from outside the barrier and drew the swords out of him, and he got to his feet again and stood to be killed.—Saturday Review.

She Let Him Off.

One night Green came home very late and found his wife evidently prepared to administer a Caudle lecture. Instead of going to bed, he took a seat, and, resting his elbows on his knees, seemed absorbed in grief, sighing heavily and uttering such exclamations as "Poor Watkins! Poor fellow!"

Mrs. Green, moved by curiosity, said sharply, "What's the matter with Watkins?"

"Ah," said Green, "his wife is giving him fits just now."

Mrs. Green let her husband off that time.—Liverpool Mercury.

Her Tongue.

They were talking of figures of speech.

"Have you ever noticed," said one, "how fond people are of vegetable metaphors when they are dealing with a woman? Her cheeks are 'roses,' her lips are 'cherry,' her hands are always 'lily' hands, her mouth is a 'rosebud,' her complexion is 'like a peach,' and her breath is 'fragrant as honeysuckle.'"

"You've forgotten one," said the cynic.

"What's that?"

"Her tongue. It is a scarlet runner."

Then the Girls Giggled.

It occurred at a wedding in a Kansas City church. The minister was young and nervous and instead of saying, "Who gives this woman?" etc., he asked gravely, "Who gives this man to this woman?"

If the bride had not been four inches taller and many pounds heavier than the groom, the slip would have attracted less attention. As it was, the other girls in the church were not to be blamed for tittering.

Her Aristocracy.

"Every woman is an aristocrat at heart," said the youngest boarder.

"Yes," said the cheerful idiot; "she hates to think of herself as classed with the plain people."—Indianapolis Journal.

It Was Tantamount.

"Has she told you that she loved you?"

"Not in so many words. She merely asked me what life insurance I carried."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A four months' tour from England to India can be made, including all cost with economy, or $1,500 and luxuriously for $2,500.

Among the Phœnicians, in ancient days, the wearing of earrings was a badge of servitude.

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THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

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BABY'S PHOTOGRAPH.

An Example of What the Man of the Camera Endures.

A young photographer, when asked what sort of subjects presented the greatest difficulties to him, replied without a moment's hesitation, "Babies."

"For instance," he continued, "I took photographs of a little 10-months-old fellow the other day in six different positions. Yesterday I sent proofs to his mother, and today she brought them in.

"'I'm sorry,' she said, without any obvious grief, 'but none of these negatives will do.'

"'Not one of the six?' I inquired, though I was prepared for what was to follow.

"'No,' she said, 'I'm afraid not. You see, I like this one very well, though, of course, it doesn't do baby justice, but his Aunt Ellen says it's an absolute caricature of the dear little fellow. The one she likes I don't care for at all, and his papa says he should never know for whom it was intended, it looks so cross, and baby is such a sunshiny child.

"'The one he likes, this smiling one, I shouldn't consider for a moment, for it makes baby's mouth look so much larger than it really is.

"'His grandmother chose that one, but as Cousin Fanny said, there's a very queer look to the child's eyes in it—very queer! However, she likes that one where he's almost crying, that sober one. You ought to have heard baby's grandfather when she said she liked it.

"'He really decided the thing, for what he said seemed so sensible. He asked me why I didn't have some more taken and see if there wouldn't be at least one that would really look like baby. Now, when can he sit again? It's hard for me to spare the time, but you see it is the only thing to be done!'"—Glasgow Herald.

It is said that so difficult is the art of cutting gloves that most of the principal cutters are known to the trade by name and by fame.

The New York World

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HAVING qualified as Administrators of the late Daniel S. Kramer We hereby give notice to all persons in debted to his estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

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Elizabeth City, N. C., May 4th, 1899

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Teacher—What is tautology?

Boy—Repetition.

Teacher—Give me an example.

Boy—We are going to have sheep's head for dinner, and my sister Elsie's young man is coming to dinner also.

Teacher—Go up top.—London Fun.

Cause For a Razor Duel.

Miss Johnsing—Don't Mistah Jeffahson look swell. Jes' see de flash ob his diamon' stud!

Mr. Jackson—Diamon' nuffin! Dat am a discarded papahweight from de bank wha' he am potah!—Jewelers' Weekly.

The use of coats of arms as a badge for different families did not come into practice till the twelfth century. The Germans are said to have originated it, while the French developed the science.

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The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers

STORIES OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors.

PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT.

With Friday's number there is an Illustrated Supplement, 20 to 24 pages, printed on specially fine paper, full of delightful reading, enlivened with from thirty to fifty half-tone or other pictures. Sample copies of Friday's issue will be sent free on application. The Supplement contains two pages of humor, book reviews; short stories; dramatic and musical criticisms; the fine work of great architects and artists letters from abroad; and in fact, the whole range of higher topics in which intelligent men and women are deeply interested. The Supplement is the cream of the whole week's work in The Tribune Office.

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Any reader who may find it convenient to raise a club of subscribers for The Semi-Weekly Tribune is invited to do so, and to send to this office for sample copies, etc.

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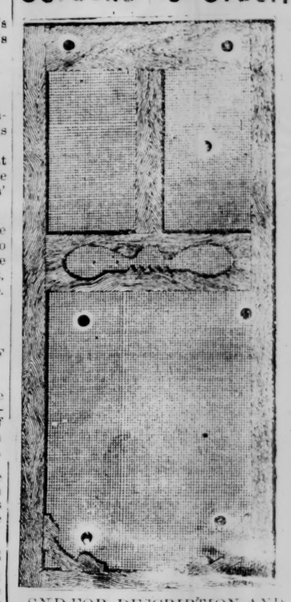

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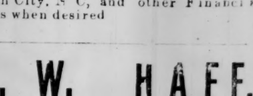

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Odd Fellows: Achsenr Lodge No. 14; R. H. Commander, N. G.; Clay Norcman, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Secty.; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

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Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Tratton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; Luther Hollowman, C. of R.; S. H. Murren, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

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TERMS REASONABLE.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, May 18, 1899.

No time for idleness now.

Farmers are busy with plow, cultivator and hoe.

There has been a lively shipping of peas the past week.

The Irish potato crop is looking prosperous and the corn is growing.

Mr. Wilson Sawyer, postmaster at South Mills, died last week, He was a good citizen and was a worthy man.

If there is anything in the theory of the survival of the fittest, a lot people we know must have been overlooked.

A careful reader of a few good newspapers can learn more in a year than most scholars do in their great libraries.

A branch of the Baptist Sunday School has been organized at the Park with Mr. J. D. Sykes as Superintendent. The first meeting was held on Sunday.

We see that the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, who has completed his inspection of the seven Colored Normal Schools, reports that those at Elizabeth City and Winston are the best.

Mr. Jacob H. Parker, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, was in the City on Saturday. He gave us a call. He is a faithful, industrious and efficient officer, and his record at headquarters is excellent.

Capt A. S. Conklin, so well and favorably known in all this section, who just passed through a long and serious illness at his old home in New York, has so far recovered as to be able to return back again.

The sealed bids for sites for the Public Building here were opened at Washington City last week. There were twenty-four in number. They will be found in another column. A Special Agent of the Treasury Department will be here in a few weeks to examine and report.

We learn that Dr. Alderman, President of the State University, has been secured to deliver the Annual Address at the Atlantic Collegiate Institute at the Commencement in June. A rare intellectual treat may be expected as he has the reputation of being one of the foremost rostrum speakers in the State.

Our young townsman A. E. Cohoon, a recent graduate of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College, has received an appointment in the Department of the State Geologic Survey. The duty will be to take the examinations for entrance into the Forestry Division of the United States Government. "Ans" will accept our congratulations. We always had faith in him.

No town in the State has grown faster and made more satisfactory progress than Elizabeth City during the past two years. Hundreds of new residences, many of them attractive and beautiful in architectural finish, have been built, and a number of handsome and costly business houses have been erected. The indications are that the building and general improvement will continue.

We disclaim being a "kicker," but we express a very general public opinion when we say that the location of the Postoffice is unsatisfactory. It discommodes nine-tenths of the patrons of the office; it lacks in light and ventilation; it is in the neighborhood of a majority of the bar rooms of the town; the sidewalk is narrow and a part of it quite muddy in wet weather, making it very unpleasant for ladies. The location was a mistake.

Sales of real estate in Elizabeth City continue. The sales during the past week were a lot on Factory Avenue to the Gloucester Net and Twine Company; a lot on Culpepper street to Mrs Pearl Dawson; a lot on Second street to S. W Bateman; a lot on Cherry street to J. J. O'Neal; a lot on West Ehringhaus street to M. M. Sawyer; a lot on West Main street to E. Stephens, and a lot on South Road street to J. C. Brooks.

At a meeting of the Building Association of the M. E. Church held last week, the following officers were elected: C. E. Kramer, president; J. W. Sharber, vice president; W. S. Dunstan, secretary; W. J. Woodley, treasurer. Soliciting Committee: J. [illegible] h, chairman; R. J. Mitchell, J. B. Blades, S. M. S. Rollinson, J. A. Kramer, J. L. Sawyer, P. H. Williams. The following amounts were raised by subscription: R. J. Mitchell, $1000; J. B. Blades, $1000; Dr. O. McMullan, $1000; J. W. Sharber, $500, W. J. Woodley, $500; W. W. Mann, $250; H. F. Smith, $250. The meeting then adjourned to meet the first Wednesday night in June.

The best evidence of merit is the cordial recognition of it whenever and wherever it may be found.

It is not wealth, nor ancestry, but honorable conduct and noble disposition that make men great.

As wages of the workingmen of the country rise higher, the voice of the calamity howler sinks lower.

It is equally as important to be sure you are wrong before backing out as it is to be sure you are right before going ahead.

Dry plates are well enough in a photograph studio, but ministers do not think at all favorably of them in churches.

Everyone admires bravery, but many a big burly man is afraid of the woman who trembles at the sight of a mouse.

About the bitterest and most vindictive enemy a person can have is one who has done him an injury and has never forgiven him for it

Mankind is always happier for having been happy; if you make them happy now you make them happy years hence by the memory of it.

The man who tells you a secret and asks you not to tell it doesn't treat you right; he enjoys telling it, and forbids your having just as good a time.

A camel will work seven or eight days without drinking. In this he differs from some men, who will drink seven or eight days without working.

It is said that a new fad with Paris women is the taming of butterflies for pets. They are taught to eat from the hand, and seem to have no fear of their mistresses. It is a pretty diversion.

In Denmark it is the law that all drunken persons shall be taken to their homes in carriages provided at the expens of the one who sold them the last drink. A pretty good law.

A man will do a lot of talking in favor of "the down-trodden sex," and then be sulky for ten days if his first baby happens to be a girl, says a feminine observer.

It has been demonstrated that marriage is such a serious matter that the Wisconsin Legislature has provided a margin of five days after the license has been issued in which the contracting parties can think it over.

At Columbia on the morning of the 13th inst., by J. C. Meekins, j. p., Mr. Paul W. Leroy was joined in marriage to Miss Minnie Hughes. They arrived here on Saturday evening and stopped at the residence of Mr. J. H. Leroy, a brother of the groom, on West Main street. Mr. Leroy is stationed at Currituck Inlet in the service of the United States Weather Bureau.

Mayor T. T. Whitcomb, who attended the Great Council of Red Men of North Carolina, at Raleigh last week, returned on Friday. He reports an interesting meeting of the representative Red Meu of the State. This Council is only two years old—its first meeting was held at Elizabeth City. Among the Chiefs elected for the ensuing year we see that both Elizabeth City and Edenton were honored. T. T. Whitcomb was elected Great Keeper of Wampum; W. B. Goodwin, Great Keeper of Records, and D. D. Raper, of Edenton, Great Mishennewa. Wilmington was selected as the place of "kindling the next great Council fire;" the time May 13, 1900, which in Red Men nomenclature will be "the second sun of the Flower Moon, G. S. D., 409."

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:54 and will set to-night at 6:58.—All's well that ends well.—The steamer Wagner is on Willey's railways for repairs.—Brevity is the best recommendation of speech.—Mrs. M. A. Evans, of St. Georges, Del., is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Blades, on Main street.—Mrs. Frank Dexter has been off on a visit to her sisters at Hertford.—You cannot put a great hope in a small soul.—The ladies of the Presbyterian Church held a festival at the Albemarle House on Friday evening.—A straight line is shortest in morals as well as geometry.—We are now in the midst of the season described by Robert Burns:

Now Nature hangs her mantle green
On every blooming tree,
And spreads her sheets of daisies white
Out o'er the grassy lee.

—You don't have to be a carpenter to frame an excuse.—Judge Bowman passed through from Manteo on last Saturday for Swan Quarter, where he is holding Hyde County Court this week. Solicitor G. W. Ward and I. M. Meekins, esq, left with him from here.—The woman who marries for spite invaribly gets it.—We are glad to learn that Hon. C. B. Pendleton is improving in health. He is a live and progressive man.—"Every man for himself," is a doctrine that girls don't take any stock in.—Dr L. L. Sawyer and wife, of Great Bridge, Va., have been on a visit to his brother, Mr. John L. Sawyer, on West Main street.—"I suppose, like most women, your wife wants the earth?" inquired an up-town citizen. "Well, yes; but I have learned that she don't want it on her parlor carpet," was the reply.—Mrs. D. D. Raper, of Edenton, is visiting friends in the city.—An eye witness is always a nigh witness, unless he is blind.—The young ladies of the Episcopal Church held a "poverty social" at the Rectory a few evenings ago. It was a novel affair and was hugely enjoyed by the young people who attended it.—Young ladies should never dress to startle people's eyes, but to satisfy them.—The Versifier has this to say on what he styles Climatic Antics:

Now those rains of showery April,
Which in April went astray,
Will turn up and get their work in
On the sunny month of May.

—Lots of animated thinkers are poor talkers.—The newly elected Aldermen will meet and organize on the first Monday in June.—"My face is my fortune," said she. "Well, poverty is no disgrace," said he.—Mr. Geo. W. Brothers, sr., has moved from the country, where he was born and resided for 77 years, to Elizabeth City, occupying a home on Pearl street in the First Ward. He is one of our old and valued friends. He gave us a very welcome call the other day.—A wise man never loses his reputation by attempting to answer fool questions.—The steamer Olive, which recently sank in the Chowan river, is on Scott's Ways for repairs.—A young man naturally uses a choice expression when he asks a girl to be his wife.—Rev. Dr. Penick, Rev. J. Ferebee, E. F. Pritchard, J. R. Pinner and W. N. Gregory attended the Southern Baptist Convention at Louisville, Ky.—Writes the Rhymster:

Some people hold that life's a joke,
And laugh to scorn the woes of men
Until they meet hard luck themselves;
And, well, of course, its different then.

—The query "Who struck Bill Patterson" has been changed to "Who caused Ben Lane's defeat in the Second Ward?"—Mr. Zenas Fearing, jr., who attended a course of lectures at Richmond Medical College, has returned home.—Miss Sallie Creekmore, of Norfolk county, Va., is visiting Miss Maggie Askew.—The work on the new Citizens' Bank is nearing completion.—Hon. P. H. Morgan, Superintendent of the Life Saving Service for this District, was in town on Saturday.—On a muddy crossing even the most modest woman may raise her dress a little above two feet. To get to the Postoffice she's obliged to do it.—"Where will the Public Building be located?" is a question of local interest now.—

"Man wants but little here below,"
A one-time poet wrote;
And on this cheap idea, too,
The world has learned to dote,
But still this fact is plainly set,
Its truth we dare not scoff:
Man wants as much as he can get,
And he wants it right straight off.

—See Melick's advertisement. Read it carefully.—The internal fitting up of the Postoffice in its new quarters was supervised by Elisha Overton. Like all he does it is a neat job.—Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Fearing, of Washington City, arrived on Saturday on a short visit to their old home.—W. R. White esq., Register of Deeds of Perquimans, called and paid his respects on Tuesday. He is a wide-awake Republican and keeps himself well posted.—Miss Loda Freeman, of Coleraine, is visiting the family of Mr. W. E. Evans, on Perse street.—Miss Ruth Minson, of Baltimore, is visiting her aunt Mrs L. L. Winder, on West Main street.—Mr. Joseph F. Mercer, Assistant Keeper of Lower Cedar Point, Md., Light Station, was in the City on Tuesday and gave us an appreciated call.—We are glad to announce that Mrs J. D. Fulmer has so far recovered as to be able to be out again.—There will be an Ice Cream and Strawberry Festival to-night on the Court House lawn for the benfit of the Naval Reserves. Let our gallant "Boys in Blue" have a liberal patronage. They merit it.—Mr. J. W. Albertson spent a few days here and left for Seattle, Washington, where he expects to locate.—To fill large orders the lumber mills of Kramer Bros. & Co. are running over time. All the mills are kept very busy.—Dr. McMullan, president of the Citizen's Bank, while inspecting the work on the ground floor on Tuesday very narrowly escaped from a fatal accident from a falling plank from the third floor.—Rev. F. H. Johnston left yesterday for Richmond to attend the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church which meets there to-day. He will remain over to attend the closing exercises of the Union Theological Seminary.

The Time It Worked.

Little Johnny always wanted to sleep in the morning, and finally Papa McSwatters wondered how he would ever get the boy up betimes. At last he struck upon the following:

"Johnny, the furnace fire is all fixed, and the ashes have been carried out, and the leaves raked. Breakfast is almost over and only three pancakes left."

Johnny forgot his ablutions in his hurry.—Syracuse Herald.

Proposals for Sites for Public Building

Washington, May 10.—Bids were opened at the Treasury Department to-day for sites for the public building at Elizabeth City. Mr. Skinner was present and took great interest in the matter. Congressman Linney was also present. It was the general impression that most of the prices asked were extravagantly high. Names of bidders, location of sites offered, dimentions and prices asked are here given: By the First National Bank, southwest corner of Lawrence and Green streets, 112x140 feet, $1,500; B. & E. Ehringhaus, southwest corner Road and Queen streets, 112x140 feet, 83,248; R. C. Hathaway, three propositions: No. 1, southwest corner Lawrence and Front streets, 210x189 feet, $6,000; No. 2, same location, 112x140 feet, on Front street, $2,000; No. 3, same location. 112x140 feet, on Lawrence street, $2,800; D. B. Bradford, southwest corner Road and Fearing streets, 100x140 feet, $7,558; E. F. & S. S. Lamb, six propositions: No. 1, northeast corner Road and Main streets, 213x208 feet, $10,000; No. 2, southeast corner Pearl and Poindexter streets, 125x150 feet, $15,000; No. 3, northwest corner Mathews and Pool streets, 160x190 feet, $6,000; No. 4, same location as above, 100x190 feet, $4,000; No. 5, southeast corner Pearl and Poindexter streets, 112x112 feet, $5,000; No. 6, southwest corner Elliott and Mathews streets 100x100 feet, $4,000; by owner, southeast corner Perse and West Church streets, 120x180 feet, $1,000; Wesley Williams, two propositions: No. 1, southwest coruer Pearl and Poindexter streets, 100x112 feet, 88,500; No. 2, same location, 75x112 feet, $10,000; C. R. Grandy, northwest corner Mathews and Elliott streets, 104x180 feet, $6,000; Chas. H. Robinson, east side Poindexter street, 106x140 feet, $8,000; P. H. Williams, southwest corner Road and Church streets, 112x140 feet, $3,500; George W. Bell, northeast corner Main and Harney streets, 131x140 feet, $5,000; H. T. Greenleaf, northeast corner Main and Pool streets, 107x140 feet, $10,000; Mary F. Davis, northwest corner Road and Church streets, 102x204 feet, $4,000; John H. Burgess, sr., southwest corner Fearing and Cobb streets, 110x157 feet, $2,000; John P. Overman, Road street, facing Tiber creek, 161x228 feet, $1,500.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

MELICK.

MATTINGS.
Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS.
Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Phildelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.

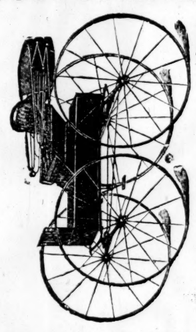
WINDOW SHADES
to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.

WALL PAPER.
Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.

FURNITURE.
We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.

MELICK, WATER ST.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of ***Riding Vehicles.*** Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.
Repair Work a Specialty.
76 & 78 Poindexter St.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

NEW GROCERY STORE.
We have just opened up a splendid line of
Pure and Fresh Groceries,
consisting of
FLOUR, MEAL,
HAMS, BACON.
MACKEREL, AND
a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.
Molasses, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all kinds of Jellies.
Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season.
In fact we can supply your table for
Breakfast, Dinner and Supper.
We keep Soaps for the Toilet and Laundry; Tobab co, Snuffs Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. We buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with us. Give us a call and be convinced.
Berry & Bliven,
MAIN STREET, NEAR WATER.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Rev. Faulk, of Hertford, visited us last week.

Mrs. A. L. Hawkins, who has been in Baltimore for several months, has returned home.

A number of the students of Roanoke Institute left Saturday for their respective homes.

Rev. P. R. Anderson, formerly located here but now at Petersburg, has been in the city this week. His many friends here are always glad to see him.

An entertainment with the somewhat novel name of "Baby Show" is announced for to-morrow night.

A number of ministers and churchmen leave Monday to attend the Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association which meets at Jamesville Tuesday.

The Odd Fellows of Camden held their annual thanksgiving recently. Rev. C. M. Billups delived the sermon. The attendance was unusually large.

Fletcher Post G. A. R. is making arrangements for proper observance of Memorial Day on the 40th inst.

Messrs. W. S. Scott, James Gibbs and H. M. Moore, of Berkley, were in the city last week.

Rev. J. A. Whitted, of Raleigh, was in the city last week to deliver the annual address to Roanoke Institute. The address was a wholesome, practical one, especially appropriate to the occasion.

Rev. and Mrs. Vigal, traveling evangelists, reached here Tuesday in their gospel wagon.

At the last meeting of the Hook and Ladder Company Anthony Johnson and J. C. Berry were dropped from the membership.

Mr. J. W. Parker having closed a very successful term of school at Newland, left for his home at Edenton on Saturday.

Dr. Palemon John, chairman of local Board of Managers of the State Normal, was at the school Tuesday and spent some time in visiting the different departments.

We acknowledge invitations to be present at the commencement exercises of Slater Academy, Winston, May 14th-18th, and Albemarle Training School, Edenton, May 28th, June 2. Also A. & M. College, Greensboro, May 21st-25th.

We copy the following from Saturday's Norfolk Landmark: "The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has completed his inspection of the seven negro normal schools. He finds those at Winston and Elizabeth City to be the best.

The annual closing exercises of the Elizabeth City State Normal School begin this evening with the address before the Lyceum by Rev. C. E. Cooper. To-morrow evening the Model School exercises will take place as follows: Sunday, 11, a m., at Mt. Lebanon Church, commencement sermon by Rev. W. A. Byrd, Newbern; Monday evening, Preparatory Class exercises; Tuesday evening, Junior Class; Wednesday evening, Middle Class and program by Pasquatank Teachers' Association; Thursday evening, Middle Class entertainment and annual address by Hon. J. C. Dancey, Wilmington; Friday evening, Commencement with Baccalaureate address by Rev. Dr. W. S. Penick, of First Baptist Church, (white) city. The exercises Thursday evening will be held at Mt. Lebanon Church; Friday evening, Olive Branch Church; the other evenings in the Normal building. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to be present.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michel Curtain, Plainfield Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Conrumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued to use it and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. Wdsworth's drug store.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N C.

FOR SALE!
30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE
the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 to you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.
Don't Spend a Dollar for **Medicine** until you have tried
RIPANS TABULES
You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons
Ten Tabules for Five Cents.
This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.
If you don't find this sort of
Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's
Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

N. G Grandy & C
BROKERS
Agents for Woldrige's High Class
FERTILIZERS.
We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.
REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N C.

A Valuable House and Lot For Sale.

I offer my house and lot, near the Mill of Kramer Bros. & Co., on Martin street for sale. It is a desirable location and the house, outbuildings and lot are in good condition. A. K. KRAMER, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

"He That is Warm Thinks All So."

Thousands are "cold" in that they do not understand the glow of health. This implies disordered kidneys, liver, bowels, blood or brain. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes "warm" because it gives all who take it perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

Wonderful Achievements With Telephone

The telephone is a very handy thing to have in the house when such storms prevail as have swept over our country during the past weeks, and I hear that more people than ever before used it to call up the butcher and the baker, or talk to their snowbound friends. But there are other uses. The other week I saw the news that a young couple in New York State got married by telephone, with witnesses at each end of the line and a clergyman "on the wire." When our troops landed in Porto Rico, a sorry young officer went to the telephone in a lighthouse and called up the military governor of the nearest city, telling him to surrender. The governor obeyed meekly. Now a change has been effected by telephone in the government of Salvador, the Central American republic. A revolutionary general went to the telephone, called up the president, and told him that as all the troops were in rebellion, the only thing left was for him to resign. The president resigned at once—over the telephone—and the new dictator took office without a blow.—The Great Round World.

Cause and Effect With the Indian.

It should be said in the first place that cause and effect, as we use the term and apply it to natural phenomena, are absolutely incomprehensible to the Indian mind. He can form no conception of medicine, for example, which even remotely resembles ours. To his mind all diseases and disorders are the work of evil spirits, and the remedy is to exorcise those spirits and, if possible, induce them to pass into some substance, such as a magic stone, where they will be under the control of the medicine man, who is, in fact, the priest, for he merely sings over his patient and never thinks of giving him anything but prayers. Even in the case of a person bitten by a rattlesnake the palpable cause of injury is entirely overlooked, and resort is had to songs and prayers until the patient dies. In that case, death is attributed to his own evil spirit or to the lack of skill on the part of the priest-singers, never to the poison of the serpent.—New York Post.

The Piano a Cause of Disease.

In a recent number of a French medical journal a Dr. Waetzold declares that he is of the opinion "that the chloroses and neuroses from which so many young girls suffer may be largely attributed to the abuse of the piano." The author of this learned disquisition goes on to say it is necessary, in his opinion, that the deadly custom of compelling young girls to hammer on the keyboard before they are fifteen or sixteen years old should be limited in the application. Even then these exercises should be permitted only to those who are not alone talented, but possessed of a robust temperament.

Dr. Waetzold further shows that out of 1000 girls studying the piano before the age of twelve 600 were afflicted with nervous troubles later in life, while only 100 were affected among a similar number who had never touched this instrument. The study of the violin, Dr. Waetzold declares, produces even more disastrous results than those attributed to the piano.—New York Mail and Express.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Adr's Allen S.Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

A five-year-old boy was recently adjudged insane by a Chicago court.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

A fortune awaits the man who can invent an available substitute for rubber.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

In London there is one blind person to every thousand of the population.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Parisian journals declare that dolls are going out of vogue.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Over $500,000 is spent in Vermont yearly for oats.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Only one man in 203 is over six feet in height.

Campbell's Malarial Specific.

Guaranteed cure for all Malarial diseases. At all druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents. J. B. CAMPBELL, Suffern, N. Y.

Spain last year exported to the United States 3,000,000 pounds of raisins.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A mica mine of the highest quality is worth a handsome fortune to the owners.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Coudersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

The scientific principle of the survival of the fittest was known to the ancient Greeks.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N.Y.

A Family Disagreement.

In a home out in the country, not far from town, we are informed, there may be seen quite a pile of sewing lying on the floor, nearly in the middle of the room, that has been lying there undisturbed for more than six months. At that time the head of the house wanted a chair, and, seeing but one handy, he dumped to the floor the sewing which lay upon it. His wife asked him to pick it up. He said he wouldn't do it. She told him as he threw it there it could remain until he got ready to pick it up. She would never touch it. And there it remains a memorial to an incompatibility of disposition.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

When a kid shoe has worn purple or white at the seams and toes it may still be kept in active service by using a mixture of equal parts of olive oil and best black ink. Apply with a sponge and polish with a soft duster.

SALESWOMEN understand what torture is.

Constantly on their feet whether well or ill. Compelled to smile and be agreeable to customers while dragged down with some feminine weakness. Backaches and headaches count for little. They must keep going or lose their place.

WOMEN WHO EARN THEIR LIVING

To these Mrs. Pinkham's help is offered. A letter to her at Lynn, Mass., will bring her advice free of all charge.

MISS NANCIE SHOBE, Florence, Col., writes a letter to Mrs. Pinkham from which we quote:

"I had been in poor health for some time, my troubles having been brought on by standing, so my physician said, causing serious womb trouble. I had to give up my work. I was just a bundle of nerves and would have fainting spells at monthly periods. I doctored and took various medicines, but got no relief, and when I wrote to you I could not walk more than four blocks at a time. I followed your advice, taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier in connection with the Vegetable Compound and began to gain in strength from the first. I am getting to be a stranger to pain and I owe it all to your medicine. There is none equal to it, for I have tried many others before using yours. Words cannot be said too strong in praise of it."

MISS POLLY FRAME, Meade, Kan., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to what your medicine has done for me. I cannot praise it enough. Since my girlhood I had been troubled with irregular and painful periods and for nearly five years had suffered with falling of the womb, and whites. Also had ovarian trouble, the left ovary being so swollen and sore that I could not move without pain. Now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, that tired feeling is all gone, and I am healthy and strong."

REGENERATION OF CUBA

The Wonderful Work Which is Being Done in the Island.

HIGH PRAISE FROM A CUBAN.

La Patria Contrasts the Spanish and American Ways of Doing Things, and Says Our Work is Wonderful—Phenomena Developed Day by Day—How the Island's Condition is Being Bettered

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—La Patria, one of the best-edited papers in Havana, has come out with an editorial strongly indorsing the American administration. Its utterances are regarded as representing the best thought of the thinking element of the community.

La Patria contrasts the American method with that of the "obstinate Spanish" in dealing with even the simplest reforms. On this point it says:

"Formerly there was agitation among the people; oceans of ink and tons of paper were used, floods of oratory were poured and then everything ended at Madrid in the froth of Spanish promises. On the other hand, in these days of fruitful though silent work, we learn of the most radical reforms when they are published in the Official Gazette, without being preceded by a magnificent conglomeration of oratory and colored fire. An order of six lines, with a very short preamble, will represent some bold and beneficent measure. One might say that for us a thin sheet of paper separates the medieval world from the nineteenth century, and oftentimes the writing is not indispensable to enable us to pass from darkness to light."

Senor Perfecto Lacoste, Mayor of Havana, with the approval of Major-General Ludlow, has issued a decree prohibiting the wearing of undershirts exposed—that is, uncovered by outer shirts or coats—in public places, doorways, windows or balconies, under penalty of imprisonment at hard labor in the discretion of the Court. It is a revival of a municipal ordinance of 1894, which has not been enforced. Another decree has been issued prohibiting smoking in streetcars and omnibuses.

The United States transport Burnside (formerly the Spanish steamer Rita) in distributing the $3,000,000 allotted by the United States Government for the payment of the Cuban troops will circumnavigate the island, the paymasters, under escort, going into the interior from the various ports where she touches.

Casa Blanca, the fishing village across the harbor, which was formerly a breeding place of disease, has been disinfected and whitewashed, and the Chinese have been removed from the village. Surgeon-Major John G. Davis reports that the place is now free from infection.

The secret police have discovered a criminal association, the object of which was to kidnap girls about twelve years old and send them to Mexico. Several girls were rescued and the kidnappers arrested.

An asylum for the orphans of reconcentrados has been established at Matanzas under the protection and at the instigation of General Wilson, the military commander of that province. It will shelter all the destitute children in Matanzas. General Wilson is highly praised for his action in this matter.

The Cienfuegos papers praise the work there of the American authorities, saying that the streets are kept clean, the poor are protected and shipping and general trade are the best in many years.

PHILADELPHIA'S BAD WATER.

Commission of Experts to Report on the Best Way of Improving It.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—Since January 1 this city has had an epidemic of typhoid fever. Since that date there have been nearly 6000 cases of the disease and about 1000 deaths. The epidemic is said to be due to the polluted water of the Schuylkill River, from which the city obtains its supply. The Councils have passed a bill authorizing the appointment of three expert engineers to investigate and report as to the best method of improving the quality of the water, and in accordance with the provisions of the measure, Mayor Ashbridge appointed Rudolph Hering, of New York; Samuel Gray, of Providence, R. I., and Joseph M. Wilson, of this city, to make the expert investigation and report. They are required to make a preliminary report in not more than sixty days and a final report in not more than three months. An appropriation of $25,000 was made to pay for their expenses and compensation.

AMERICAN STATUES IN FRANCE.

Monuments to Washington, Lafayette and Rochambeau Are Planned.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The good feeling in this country toward France is shown in three distinct projects for erecting statues in France during the Paris Exposition. The latest of these is to erect a statue of Rochambeau in the French village of his birth. The plan has originated in Philadelphia, where $1000 will be contributed; another $1000 will be raised in the country at large, and another $1000 in France. Secretary Hay views the project with much favor.

Another statue project is in charge of prominent women, representing the women of America, who propose to erect an equestrian statue of Washington in one of the public reservations of Paris. Mrs. Justice Field is at the head of the committee and $15,000 is in hand. The French Ambassador has notified the Paris authorities and has suggested to the Prefect of the Seine and the President of the municipality that a suitable public reservation be set aside for the scheme.

A statue of Lafayette also is to be erected at Paris through the efforts of United States Commissioner Peck.

WIND WRAPS STEEPLE IN WIRE.

Quarter of a Mile of Kansas Fence Blown Three Miles.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special). — Tornadoes swept Coldwater, Lexington and Ashland a few days ago. In Coldwater a dozen houses were wrecked. Joseph Bowers, a cattleman, was killed and half a dozen people injured.

A terrific windstorm in Ellis County picked up a stretch of wire fence a quarter of a mile long, carried it three miles, and wrapped it securely around the steeple of the Munger Catholic Church.

No German Reciprocity Yet.

The outlook for a reciprocity treaty with Germany is regarded in Washington as having been greatly prejudiced by the action of the committee of the Reichstag in summarily disposing of the Meat Inspection bill. It was hoped that this measure would pave the way for successful negotiations for a trade treaty by eliminating the ill-feeling growing out of the meat embargo. It has not been officially stated that the reciprocity negotiations will be suspended, but it is taken for granted that they will be allowed to remain in abeyance until the German National Legislature shall take favorable action on the Meat bill.

Loss of Cattle in Transit to England.

In the House of Commons in London Mr. Walter Long, President of the Board of Trade, announced that 1012 head of cattle had been lost in 1898 in transit from the United States and Canada out of a total of 478,895 head, as compared with a loss of 5271 out of 94,640 in transit from Argentina. The total number lost in transit from the United States and Canada in the first three months of 1899 was 750 out of a total of 78,594.

Connecticut Well Water Fatal.

It has been ascertained that impure well water in Bloomfield, Conn., has been the cause of the death of three children named McNaughton. Two horses have also died from drinking the water.

The Hoisting of Prices.

Some of the trade journals are beginning to suggest that prices are being pushed too high by some new combinations. The Iron Age says that "on some commodities an unreasonable height has already been attained," and that "consumption will be checked by the growing conviction that prices are too inflated to last."

New Distress in Spain.

A five weeks' drought and the prevalence of unusual heat throughout Spain have seriously damaged the prospects of all crops. In some of the provinces the crops had already been destroyed by a plague of locusts.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The contract for distributing Government seeds this year has been let by the Agricultural Department to Charles Parker, of Santa Clara, Cal., for 664,900. All the seeds must be delivered here by December 1, and the distribution begins next January.

Lieutenant-Commander Gottlieb Blocklinger has been detached from the command of the cruiser Charleston and ordered to proceed home to be placed on waiting orders. He will be succeeded by Commander Pigman, now at Norfolk.

Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith has been notified by the Director of Posts in Cuba that the city Postoffice in Havana, which has been located for about 150 years in the same building, was finally moved to new quarters at the foot of O'Reilly street.

By direction of the President the fortifications of Tybee Island, Georgia, and the military reservation at that point will hereafter be known as Fort Screven in honor of James Screven, Colonel and Brigadier-General of Georgia militia during the war of the Revolution, who was killed in action at Medway Church, November 24, 1778.

Admiral Farragut's famous old flagship, the Hartford, has been assigned to the training service. She has just been extensively overhauled at Mare Island. The Mohican has also been assigned to the same service, as well as the Monongahela, on the Atlantic Coast. The Annapolis will make a summer's cruise with the cadets.

The case against Dr. Wesley Reid Davis, of New York City, in which he was charged with passing a worthless check for $50 on Fred R. Parks, ticket agent at the Pennsylvania depot, was nolle prossed, and the charges were dismissed.

The retirement from active service of Rear-Admiral Edwin Stewart, Paymaster-General of the Navy, was marked by the presentation to him of a handsome silver vase, the gift of the officers, clerks and other employes of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, of which he was in charge.

Domestic.

In a little cottage over 100 years old, in Union, N. J., a few days ago Mr. and Mrs. William H. Johnson, aged respectively ninety-five and eighty-five years, celebrated the seventieth anniversary of their marriage. Grand and great-grandchildren gathered at the house and aided in the celebration. A daughter by Mr. Johnson's first wife, seventy-three years of age, was present.

Governor Sayers, of Texas, has signed the bill granting a new city charter for Dallas. It will not be in force until ninety days after the adjournment of the Legislature, which will be about June 1. The new charter gives the city rigid control of the corporations enjoying municipal franchise privileges.

Mrs. Jack Haley's home at Bowling Green, Ky., was burned to the ground a few days ago by a gang of men unmasked. They told Mrs. Haley that if any of them was unknown to her they would give his name. In all there were about twenty-five in the crowd. The house belonged to Mrs. Ben Runner, and the men had her permission to burn the house.

In the breach of promise suit of Miss Ross Crane against P. J. Riley, a junk dealer, at Lowell, Mass., the jury gave to the plaintiff a verdict of $8000. The plaintiff sued for $25,000.

John T. Hendrin, who was arrested on the charge of solicitation to commit bribery while acting as a juror in Philadelphia, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment by Judge Audenried. Hendrin went to the defendant in the case in which he had been sworn as a juror and offered a favorable verdict for a money consideration.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Morrison was shot dead by "Ike" Bird at Mount Victory, Ohio, whom he was trying to arrest. After the murder Bird sent a bullet through his own heart, expiring instantly.

Superintendent J. J. Stranahan, of the Government Fish Hatchery at Put-in-Bay, has forwarded a report to Toledo, Ohio, of a tidal wave which took place there. The water rose fully twenty inches, and after it receded fishing boats were left high and dry on the beach.

There was a run on the Chelsea Savings Bank, at Boston, a few days ago. A case of mistaken identity, cause by the fact that the name of the President of the bank was similar to that of a merchant who failed, brought it about. The bank will refuse to accept some of the deposits withdrawn.

Hugh Cavanagh, twenty-one years old, was killed almost instantly by a pitched ball during a game of baseball at Montclair, N. J. Cavanagh was a lather, and lived with his parents. Smeldt was arrested, but later he was released.

An explosion occurred in the nitroglycerine house of the California Powder Works at Pinole, Cal., and two men were blown to pieces, Arthur Graves and L. G. Wilkins. Graves was a young Englisman whose parents are prominent in Bedford, England. Wilkins was from Council Bluffs. The cause of the explosion is a mystery.

Jeremiah Kelleher, of Syracuse, N. Y., was found in a woods near Knox, Ind. He had divested himself of his clothing and was demented. The police believe that he was robbed and thrown from a train, his condition being the result of foul play.

Charles Eanis, a policeman, shot and killed himself while in a saloon in Chicago. No cause for the suicide could be learned except that he had sometimes appeared to be discouraged over family matters, his wife being hopelessly ill.

The Legislature of Texas has finally passed the bill making it a felony for any official agent or employee of a railroad company in Texas to discriminate in rates by giving rebates to shippers. The bill was recommended by Governor Sayers.

Thomas McGrath, who was one of the volunteers in the war with Spain, killed Jennie Coyle and then shot himself in New York City. He was jealous of her and attacked her in the hallway as she was returning from work. He will recover.

The $20,000 Georgia monument to the dead heroes who fell at Chickamauga was unveiled a few days ago. Thousands of Georgia ex-soldiers were present. Governor Candler delivered an eloquent speech. Ex-Congressman J. C. C. Black delivered an oration.

The Court of Criminal Appeals at Austin, Texas, affirmed the death sentence of the Rev. George E. Morrison, who murdered his wife a few months ago at Pan Handle City, Tex., by strychnine poison. This is one of the most remarkable murder cases in the history of Texas.

George K. Van Horn, the murderer of Mrs. Josephine Wescott, was hanged in one of the corridors of the Lackawanna County Jail at Scranton, Penn. Mrs. Wescott was killed at her home in Scranton August 28, 1896.

An examination of the books of J. E. Wiscoskie, ex-City Treasurer of Argentine, Kan., shows an apparent shortage of between $20,000 and $25,000. Wiscoskie has disappeared.

The battleship Iowa has been ordered to discharge her ammunition at San Francisco and leave for Port Orchard, Washington, where she will go into dry dock to be cleaned and scraped. This work will take considerably over a month, when the battleship will return to San Francisco for further orders.

Foreign.

The Spanish Government has ordered twenty samples of a new Spanish-invented rapid-fire gun which, it is said, pierces sixteen centimetres of Harveyized steel at a distance of 2000 yards.

Anti-Semitic disturbances resulting in loss of life have occurred at Nikolaieff, in Southern Russia.

A caterpillar pest has been creating great havoc in the rich apple orchards in the vicinity of St. Hilare, Quebec, fifty miles from Montreal. The farmers determined to organize for the extermination of the caterpillars, and a body of about 150 men a few days ago set to work to spray the trees. Many orchards will be saved from the ruin which threatened them.

The Don Jose, the last of the missing steamers under the American flag which were detained by the Philippine insurgents since the beginning of the war, was found by the gunboat Manila at Batangas and has arrived at Manila.

Lieutenant Doering has been sentenced at Cologne, Germany, to thirty months' imprisonment in the fortress for killing a student named Kloevekora in a duel.

The British Admiralty has decided to abolish the torpedo nets with which the cruiser Crescent, which is to be the flagship of the North American and West Indian squadron, is equipped. The annual naval manœuvres will be small this year, being chiefly confined to torpedo-boat destroyers and torpedo boats.

President Loubet, of France, had a long interview with Captain Vignal, the new Military Attache to the French Embassy at Washington, prior to his departure for his post of duty. M. Loubet directed Captain Vignal to pay to President McKinley assurances of his profound respect and most friendly sentiments.

By the explosion of a boiler on board the steamer Allian, in the Scheldt, near Tournai, Belgium, seven persons were killed.

THE PURE FOOD INQUIRY.

Startling Testimony Heard by the Senatorial Committee in Chicago.

How Many of Our Food Products Are Adulterated by the Use of Chemicals and in Other Ways.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special).—The Senatorial Pure Food Investigating Committee has heard some startling testimony in regard to the adulteration of food products which may prolong its session considerably. Professor A. S. Mitchell, chief chemist of the Wisconsin Dairy and Food Commission, made the sworn statement that nearly every butcher in Illinois used preserving liquids on scraps of meat which they laid aside for the manufacture of hamburger steaks and other alleged delicacies.

The chemist first told of his test of a liquid known as "freezine." Professor Mitchell said that the stuff had been used extensively by farmers to keep milk and butter, it being the custom to mix it with the former in small quantities and pour quarts of it into vats for the preservation of butter.

"This 'freezine' I have found to be nothing less than almost pure formic aldehyde," narrated the expert. "This is a chemical that acts disastrously upon the tissue of the stomach, and I can only surmise the results when milk diluted with it is used constantly by a family. Where butter is placed in vats filled with this stuff the porous commodity takes up no small amount of the liquid with a result that can only be conjectured."

The professor proceeded to tell of his experiments with a fluid sold extensively to butchers for the purpose of making their hamburger steaks last and keep up a healthy appearance.

"This liquid contains in great percentage what is known as sulphide of soda, with a complement of coloring matter," he continued. "It is styled an antiseptic, and in certain respects is. It must be borne in mind, however, that where fermentation and waste are arrested the digestive properties are consequently destroyed."

Dr. Wiley, the Government expert who examined the antiseptic without going on the stand, said he identified it as practically the same chemical which was used during his experience at a medical college to preserve cadavers, and was now occasionally put to service in disinfecting houses where smallpox patients resided.

The common basis for the majority of jellies manufactured nowadays, according to several witnesses, are the cores and parings of apples, utilized after they have been evaporated. This substance, it was claimed, is mixed with glucose in large quantities, with sugar in small quantities, and then colored and flavored to suit the outside design on the package.

Fear of social degradation, according to William Broadwell, keeps many a millionaire of Chicago from acknowledging the fact that he uses oleomargarine in place of pure butter. Not only do the very best people of this city buy this cheaper grade of "butter," he said, and would take nothing else in place of it, but they are the ones who are the first to whisper to the dealer for a reduction in the price.

Mr. Broadwell was called before the committee with several others to explain why the internal revenue law regulating the stamping of all packages of oleomargarine were not enforced.

A. Heller, of Chicago, a manufacturer of "Freezine" and "Rosaline," preservatives used by buttermakers, declared that those articles were not injurious to health and gave the formula of making them secretly, as he did not wish the secrets of the trade made public by the newspapers. Several witnesses testified that many frauds were practised by dealers in "butterine," who sold the article as genuine butter.

NO AGREEMENT WITH CANADA.

All Hope That the Joint High Commission Will Meet Again Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—All hope of reconvening the Joint High Anglo-American Commission in August has been abandoned. After having made good headway at the meeting in Washington, as was thought at the time, toward drafting an agreement, an unexpected and unsurmountable obstacle in the shape of the lumber and boundary question was encountered, and the Commission adjourned to meet at Quebec in August, with the understanding that in the mean time the Governments of the two countries would test public sentiment. It was also hoped that some of the difficulties in the way might be removed by diplomatic negotiations. It has been demonstrated, however, that the temper of neither side has yieided sufficiently to warrant the expectation of any successful result attending another meeting of the Commission.

It is said that officials here are thoroughly discouraged at the time-consuming manner in which various propositions which have been put forward are bandied back and forth between London and Ottawa.

YOUNG WOMAN'S FINANCIERING.

Dorchester Girl Does a Large Check Business on $40 Deposit.

BOSTON (Special).—Carrie M. Anderson, of Dorchester, was arrested in one of the large department stores here charged with passing worthless checks. Her method was peculiar. After opening an account with a trust company, with a deposit of $40, she drew checks against it, and in eleven days did a business of more than $800. She drew many checks and made many deposits. The trust company officials closed the account in eleven days.

The young woman claimed that she did not intend to defraud any one, but only took this means of borrowing money, turning it over and over and keeping one day ahead of the checks.

Miss Anderson is about twenty-five years of age.

MOUNT MORRISON SCALED.

Stoepel, the Explorer, Ascends the Highest Mountain in Formosa.

SEATTLE, Wash. (Special).—The ascent of Mount Morrison, the highest mountain of Formosa, has just been completed by Stoepel, the explorer of several Mexican and Hawaiian mountains, according to mail advices from Tokio. The ascent was not without danger, owing to the feverish climate and objections of the tribes.

The climb itself was attended with several narrow escapes, and would be impossible for any but the most experienced climbers. The ascent was attempted from several different directions before a practical route was found. Stoepel found the natives very fierce. They were skull hunters but not cannibals.

Mexico's Foreign Trade.

The Treasury report of the Mexican Government of foreign commerce shows that in eight months of this fiscal year the exports have increased nearly $9,000,000, and are now at the rate of nearly $150,000,000 yearly. The imports have increased thirteen per cent. and are now at the rate of $98,000,000 in silver annually.

Virulent Smallpox in Germany.

In spite of precautionary measures, virulent smallpox is spreading in Germany. The disease was imported into Germany by Russian laborers, and has already spread to many towns.

The Plethoric Banks of Kansas.

The people of Kansas have over $23,000,000 on deposit in the State and private banks, as shown by statements received by Bank Commissioner Briedenthal at Topeka. This is an increase of $1,000,000 during the past year. At least $25,000,000 are on deposit in the National banks. This is more money than the Kansas banks ever held before.

Interested in the New Governor's Policy.

There is much curiosity as to the policy that will be adopted by General Davis, the newly appointed Governor of Porto Rico. Matters there are in excellent condition for the new Military Governor, harmony prevailing generally.

Ute Reservation Indians Ugly.

Two Indians have been brought to Durango, Col., under arrest, who are charged with killing sheep and beating sheepherders on the Florida mesa in the recently opened Ute reservation. The Indians are unusually sullen, and it is feared that serious trouble may yet result from the opening of a portion of their former reservation to settlement.

British Gain in Exports For April.

The returns show that Great Britain's imports for the month of April were £4,448,470 less than for April, 1898, while the exports were £9,607,175 more. The increase of exports was chiefly in raw materials.

A Purely Personal Fire.

There was a smell of fire in the house, the deep gray odor of burning cloth. The man of the house began nosing about to find out what caused it. He prides himself upon his keenness of scent. He went across the room.

"Hum! It grows stronger," he said. When he had his nose flat up against a brick and plaster wall it was stronger than ever. He backed off. "No, it's somewhere over here." At the door to the hall the odor was very pronounced. He rushed downstairs into the dining room. The odor was there too. He hurried down cellar. It was overpowering.

He put his hand into his coat pocket for a match. He found the fire by his sense of touch and went upstairs and poured a glass of water into his pocket. Since then he carries his matches in a box, and is disposed to be incredulous when stories of incendiaries are narrated. He says conflagration, like charity, begins at home.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Josephine and Napoleon's Son.

Apropos of the French Napoleonic drama now being played at the Nouveau Theatre, and entitled "Le Roi de Rome," an interesting communication to the Gaulois states that Josephine only once saw Napoleon's boy. It had long been her ardent wish to set eyes on him, and at length Napoleon himself took the child, then two years old, to Malmaison. The little fellow took a great fancy to Josephine, and said: "I love you; you are good. You must come back to Paris with us, and live at the Tuileries." The Emperor is said to have been much moved by the interview, and hastily terminated it, saying: "We must go, my boy; wish the lady goodby." — London Chronicle.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

An internal revenue tax of $200,000 on a single estate was recently paid in Boston.

Pneumonia may be warded off with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one Minute.

The gold-finch is nearly extinct in England.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There are about 3,750,000 persons in London who never enter a place of worship.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The Baptists have arranged to buy a lot and build a church at Santiago, Cuba.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ARNOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1895.

In the German army nearly 10,000 carrier pigeons are used.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Traded For Badge 13 and Was Killed.

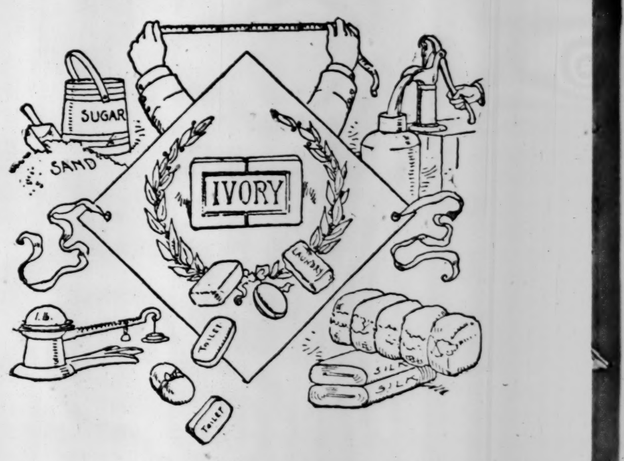
Sergeant W. P. Steele, of the Lawrence Company, relates a singular circumstances in connection with the death of Lieutenant Alford in Manila. Identification badges with numbers on them were given out to the Kansas troops. The man who got No. 13 made such strong objection to the unlucky number that Lieutenant Alford exchanged with him, and the Lieutenant had it on his person when he was killed.—Kansas City Journal.

Deepest Wells.

A curiosity, at least, is this compilation of the deepest wells in the world: In Europe, one at Passy, France, depth, 2000 feet; at La Chapelle, Paris, 2950; at Grenelle, Paris, 1798; at Neusalwerk, near Minden, 2288; at Kissingen, Bavaria, 1787; at Sperenberg, near Berlin, 4190, which is said to be the deepest in the world; at Pest, Hungary, 3182. In the United States there are wells located at St. Louis, depth, 3843 feet; at Louisville, 2086; at Columbus, Ohio, 2775½; at Charleston, S. C., 1250.

The first electric railway in the world was built in Ireland, from Bushmills to Giants' Causeway.

Exhorter—"Look on high, friend!" Unregenerate—"An' den youse'll yell, 'Rubberneck!' I guess nit."—Puck.



When sand's as good as sugar,
and chalk's as good as milk;
When thirty inches make a yard,
and cotton equals silk;
When fourteen ounces make a pound
(and that you'll not allow)—
Then common soaps may be as good
as Ivory Soap is now.

IT FLOATS.

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"Use the Means and Heaven will Give You the Blessing."
Never Neglect a Useful Article Like

SAPOLIO

The Indian and Water.

The American Indian, be his tribe what it may, has no great fondness for water taken internally, and no use at all for it as an external application. One or two quarts of water will carry a family through a day, and even in the arid regions of New Mexico and Arizona, where the atmosphere takes up moisture from the body before it reaches the surface of the skin, the per capita of water used is small. Perhaps the scarcity of that fluid has something to do with the wonderful economy in its use which prevails, for it is almost never applied to the body, with the single exception that no Indian will lose an opportunity to wash his long, glossy black hair. Of their hair they are as proud as any woman, and devote much time and attention to its proper care, even sacrificing a small quantity of the precious water now and then for that purpose. Two quarts, with the bruised roots of the yucca, or soap weed, are all that is necessary for this purpose. As might be expected under these conditions the tribes are periodically visited by dreadful epidemics of smallpox, which often decimate them.—New York Post.

Bore His Loss in Silence.

The following episode happened at the recent brilliant charge of the Twenty-first Lancers, at the fall of Omdurman:

One of the men got his thumb cut off, and turning to his chum, an Irishman, ejaculated:

"Whatever shall I do? I'm done for life."

Pat, taking things somewhat coolly and thinking his chum was making a fuss over a mere trifle, responded, solemnly:

"Begorra, that's nothin' to make a fuss about; here's poor Jones wid his head cut off, an' not a word is he sayin'."

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way. MISS SALLIE E. SELLARS, Luttrell, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED. REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 319

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

THE Spalding OFFICIAL League Ball

is the only official ball of the National League and must be used in all games. Each ball warranted

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES.

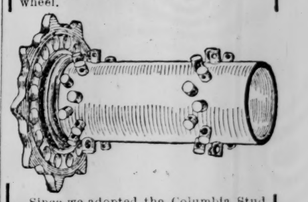
If a dealer does not carry Spalding's athletic goods in stock, send your name and address to us (and his, too) for a copy of our handsomely illustrated catalogue.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.,
New York. Denver. Chicago

1899 CONSTRUCTION.

ABOUT SPOKES.

There are 61 spokes in the two wheels of a Columbia bicycle. They represent 64 points of superiority over any other wheel.



Since we adopted the Columbia Stud Hub and direct tangent spoke over 7,500,000 of these spokes have been in use. We have yet to hear of one breaking from any cause except collision or other violent accident. The stud hubs obviate all bending and twisting of the spokes.

When you compare Columbia, Hartford and Vedette bicycles part for part with other wheels you find good reason for their recognized superiority.

PRICES, $75 to $25.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Happy The greatest remedy for JOHNSON'S MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER, Grippe & Liver Diseases. KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. 35c.

HEAL THYSELF or Know Thyself Manual.

A 96-page pamphlet by a Humanitarian and eminent medical author.

This is a unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, middle-aged or old. Price 50 cents by mail, sealed; sent free for 30 days. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Med